SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT



360 ONE Flexicap Fund

(An open - ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking* capital Scheme Risk-o-meter Benchmark Risk-o-meter appreciation Moderately Moderate over long term; High Investment predominantly in equity and equity related Riskometer instruments Riskometer Investors understand that their principal across market will be at Very High Risk S&P BSE 500 TRI Index capitalization

Continuous offer for units at NAV based prices.

continuous office for arms at the based prices.				
Mutual Fund:	360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund)			
Asset Management Company:	360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited)			
Trustee Company:	360 ONE Asset Trustee Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Trustee Limited)			
Registered Office:	360 ONE Centre, 6 th floor, Kamala City, S.B. Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400 013			
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The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

The SID sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this SID after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund), Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.iiflmf.com. SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the SID). For a

^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

free copy o website.	f the current S	SAI, please co	ntact your n	earest Invest	or Service Cen	itre or log on to	0 (
The SID should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.							
This SID is d	ated October 3	30, 2023.					

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HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	360 ONE Flexicap Fund			
Scheme Code	360O/O/E/FCF/23/02/0006			
Type of the Scheme	An open - ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.			
Investment Objective	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long-term capital appreciation by primarily investing in equity and equity related securities across the entire market capitalization range and investing the remaining portion in debt and money market instruments.			
Liquidity	Being an open-ended Scheme, units may be redeemed on every business day at NAV based prices. As per the Regulations, the Fund shall transfer to the unitholder the redemption proceeds within 3 business days (working days) of receiving the redemption request.			
Benchmark	S&P BSE 500 TRI			

The NAV will be calculated by the AMC for each Business Day. The first NAV shall be calculated and declared within 5 business days from the date of allotment.

The AMC will update the NAVs on AMFI website www.amfiindia.com before 11.00 p.m. on every business day and also on its website (www.iiflmf.com). In case of any delay, in uploading of NAV on AMFI Website, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAV is not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Further the Mutual Fund / AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

Transparency/ NAV disclosure

The Mutual Fund/AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) of the Scheme as on the last day of the month / half year on website of Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

In case of Unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall send via e-mail both the monthly and half-yearly statement of Scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively.

Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of Scheme portfolio.

The Mutual Fund/ AMC shall provide a physical copy of the statement of Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

The AMC will make available the Annual Report of the Scheme within four months of the end of the financial year.

Face Value

The face value of each unit will be Rs. 10 per unit.

	Entry Load: Nil The upfront commission, if any, on investment made by the investor shall be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor.
Load Structure	Exit Load- For redemption/switch-out of units before 365 days from the date of allotment - 1% of the applicable NAV For redemption/switch-out of units on or after 365 days from the date of allotment – NIL
	Please refer to Section IV C Load Structure in this SID for details.
	 Minimum Application Amount New Purchase − Rs. 1000 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. Additional purchase - Rs. 1000 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Weekly Option- Rs. 1000 per instalment for a minimum period of 6 weeks Default day triggered every Tuesday. Fortnightly Option - Rs. 1000 per instalment for a minimum period of 6 fortnights triggered on 2nd & 16th of every month. Monthly option - Rs. 1000 per month for a minimum period of 6 months. Quarterly Option - Rs.1000 per quarter for a minimum period of 6 quarters.
Minimum Application	Note: Weekly and Fortnightly SIP frequencies are not available on BSE STAF MF platform.
Amount	Investments above the minimum amount mentioned, shall be made in multiples of Rs. 1 for all SIP irrespective of frequency of SIP or the Option.
	The AMC in consultation with the Trustees reserves the right to discontinue / add more plans / options at a later date subject to complying with the prevailing SEBI guidelines and Regulations.
	In accordance with clause 6.10 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023 (Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes), the above provision will not be applicable for investments made in scheme.

PLAN:

Regular Plan and Direct Plan

OPTION:

Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal and Growth Option under each of the above Plans.

The IDCW will be declared subject to availability and adequacy of distributable surplus. The Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal will have facility of Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Payout) and IDCW re-investment.

Default Sub-Option: If the applicant does not indicate the choice of Option in the Application form, the fund accepts the application as being for the Growth Sub-Option.

The Regular Plan and Direct Plan including all options there under will have a common portfolio of investments.

Plan & Options

Uniform treatment of applications under "Direct" / "Regular" Plans:

Broker Code mentioned	Plan mentioned by	Default Plan to be
by the investor	the investor	captured
Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

	<u> </u>
	Unit holders are given an option to hold the units in demat form in addition to account statement (physical form). Mode of holding shall be clearly specified in the Application Form.
Dematerialization	The Unitholders intending to hold/trade the units in Demat form are required to have a beneficiary account with the Depository Participant (DP) (registered with NSDL / CDSL) and will be required to indicate in the application the DP's name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant with the DP.
	In case Unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, an Account Statement shall be sent to them. Such unitholders will not be able to trade on the stock exchange.
	The Unitholders are requested to fill in their demat account details in the space provided for the same in Key Information Memorandum (KIM) and application forms. Units held in demat from are freely transferable.
Risk Factors	For Risk Factors, please refer to paragraph on 'Risk Factors' in this document.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price/value/interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital market/bullion market.
- Past performance of the Sponsors/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme.
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and the returns. Investors are therefore urged to study the terms of offer carefully and consult their Investment Advisor before they invest in the Scheme.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss or shortfall resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution made by it of an amount of Rs. 1 Lac towards setting up of the Mutual Fund.
- The present Scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return Scheme.

Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Risks associated with investing in Equities

- a. Investments in the equity shares of the Companies are subject to price fluctuation on daily basis. The volatility in the value of equity is due to various micro and macro economic factors like economic and political developments, changes in interest rates, etc. affecting the securities markets. This may have adverse impact on individual securities/sector and consequently on the NAV of Scheme.
- b. The NAVs of schemes investing in equity will fluctuate as the daily prices of the individual securities in which they invest fluctuate and the units when redeemed may be worth more or less than their original cost.
- c. The value of the Scheme's investments, may be affected generally by factors affecting securities markets, such as price and volume volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in policies of the Government, taxation laws or policies of any appropriate authority and other political and economic developments and closure of stock exchanges which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors including equity and debt markets. Consequently, the NAV of the units of the Scheme may fluctuate and can go up or down.
- d. Investors may note that Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with anticipated trends.

- e. Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. Such securities, however, increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.
- f. The sector weightage in the scheme would be different from that in the Index. Because of this the scheme returns could be divergent from the Index returns and could also under-perform if the sector calls do not go right as expected by the fund management team.

Risk associated with Investing in Debt and money market instruments

The performance of the Scheme may be affected by changes in macroeconomic factors such as Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risks associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems.

Interest Rate/Price risk: This risk is associated with movements in interest rate, which depend on various factors such as government borrowing, inflation, economic performance etc. The values of investments will appreciate/depreciate if the interest rates fall/rise. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices generally increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices depends upon factors such as coupon, residual maturity of the security, micro and macroeconomic scenario as well as the yield level at which the security is being traded.

Credit Risk/Default risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest &/or principal payment obligations. This risk arises due to any uncertainty in counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations. Even when there is no default, the price of a security may change with expected changes in the credit rating of the issuer. Corporate bonds carry a higher credit risk than Government Securities. Within corporate bonds as well, there are different levels of safety. Credit risks of most issuers of debt securities are rated by independent and professionally run rating agencies. Ratings of Credit issued by these agencies typically range from "AAA" (read as "Triple A" denoting "Highest Safety") to "D" (denoting "Default"), with about 6 distinct ratings between the two extremes. A bond rated higher by a particular rating agency is safer than a bond rated lower by the same rating agency. The highest credit rating (i.e. lowest credit risk) commands a lower yield for the borrower. Conversely, a lower rated credit borrower would raise funds at a relatively higher cost. On account of a higher credit risk for lower rated borrowers, lenders prefer higher rated instruments further justifying the lower yields.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the

portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

Counterparty Risk: This is the risk of failure of counterparty to the transaction to deliver securities against consideration received or to pay consideration against securities delivered, in full or in part or as per the agreed specification. There could be losses to the scheme in case of counterparty default.

Inflation risk: Inflation, in most basic terms, erodes the purchasing power of money and also withers the value of existing investments; in other words, it reduces the purchasing power of a bond investor's future interest payments and principal, collectively known as "cash flows." Inflation also leads to higher interest rates, which in turn leads to lower bond prices.

Liquidity risk: The liquidity of a bond may change depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium linked to the price of the bond. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid leading to loss in the value of the portfolio. There could therefore be difficulties in exiting from corporate bonds in times of uncertainties. Liquidity in a scheme therefore may suffer.

Liquidity Risk on account of unlisted securities: The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme investments due to their holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to their target date of divestment. The unlisted security can go down in value before the divestment date and selling of these securities before the divestment date can lead to losses in the portfolio.

Settlement Risk: Fixed income securities run the risk of settlement which can adversely affect the ability of the fund house to swiftly execute trading strategies which can lead to adverse movements in NAV.

Legislative Risk: Changes in government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to Mutual Funds may impact the returns to investors in the Schemes.

Risk of Rating Migration: It may be noted that the price of a rated security would be impacted with the change in rating and hence, there is risk associated with such migration.

Risk factors associated with processing of transaction in case of investors investing in mutual fund units through Stock Exchange Mechanism:

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognized stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing / settlement, etc. upon which the Fund and the AMC have no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s) upon which the Fund and the AMC have no control. Accordingly, there could be negative impacts to the investors such as delay or failure in allotment / redemption of Units. The Fund and the AMC are not responsible for the negative impacts.

Risks associated with Investing/trading in Derivatives

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of the fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counterparty") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby the Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Risks associated with Securities Lending and Borrowing

Securities Lending and Borrowing ("SLB") is an exchange traded product in India, with trades done on order matching platforms setup by the clearing corporation/house of recognized stock exchanges. In accordance with SEBI guidelines, there is a robust risk management system and safeguards exercised by the clearing corporation/house, which also guarantee financial settlement

hence eliminating counterparty risk on borrowers.

The Scheme may participate as a lender in the SLB market and lend securities held in the portfolio for earning fees from such lending to enhance revenue of the Scheme. The key risk to the Scheme is creation of temporary illiquidity due to the inability to sell such lent securities, till the time such securities are returned on the contractual settlement date or on exercise of early recall.

In case the Scheme undertakes stock lending as prescribed in the Regulations, it may, at times be exposed to counter party risk and other risks associated with the securities lending. Unitholders of the Scheme should note that there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities lent. The Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities, and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

Risks associated with Investments in REITs and InvITs

Risk of lower than expected distributions: The distributions by the REIT or InvIT will be based on the net cash flows available for distribution. The amount of cash available for distribution principally depends upon the amount of cash that the REIT/INVIT receives as IDCWs or the interest and principal payments from portfolio assets. The cash flows generated by portfolio assets from operations may fluctuate based on, among other things:

- Success and economic viability of tenants and off-takers
- Economic cycles and risks inherent in the business which may negatively impact valuations, returns and profitability of portfolio assets
- Force majeure events related such as earthquakes, floods etc. rendering the portfolio assets inoperable debt service requirements and other liabilities of the portfolio assets
- Fluctuations in the working capital needs of the portfolio assets
- Ability of portfolio assets to borrow funds and access capital markets
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, which may restrict the payment of IDCWs by portfolio assets
- Amount and timing of capital expenditures on portfolio assets
- Insurance policies may not provide adequate protection against various risks associated with operations of the REIT/InvIT such as fire, natural disasters, accidents
- Price-Risk: The valuation of the REIT/InvIT units may fluctuate based on economic conditions,
 fluctuations in markets (eg. real estate) in which the REIT/InvIT operates and the resulting impact
 on the value of the portfolio of assets, regulatory changes, force majeure events etc. REITs & InvITs
 may have volatile cash flows. As an indirect shareholder of portfolio assets, unit holders rights are
 subordinated to the rights of creditors, debt holders and other parties specified under Indian law in
 the event of insolvency or liquidation of any of the portfolio assets
- Interest-Rate Risk: Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of units fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase.
- Liquidity Risk: This refers to the ease with which REIT/InvIT units can be sold. There is no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. Hence there would be time when trading in the units could be infrequent. The subsequent valuation of illiquid units may reflect a discount from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio:

The unit holders may note that no redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in the segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange.

The risks associated in regard to the segregated portfolio are as follows:

- The investors holding units of the segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holdings till the time of recovery of money from the issuer.
- The security comprising the segregated portfolio may not realize any value.

- Listing of units of the segregated portfolio on a recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units of the segregated portfolio on the stock exchange.
- The trading price of units on the stock exchange may be significantly lower than the prevailing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio.

Risks associated with Investing in Structured Obligation (SO) & Credit Enhancement (CE) rated securities:

The risks factors stated below for the Structured Obligations & Credit Enhancement are in addition to the risk factors associated with debt instruments.

- Credit rating agencies assign CE rating to an instrument based on any identifiable credit enhancement for the debt instrument issued by an issuer. The credit enhancement could be in various forms and could include guarantee, shortfall undertaking, letter of comfort, etc. from another entity. This entity could be either related or non-related to the issuer like a bank, financial institution, etc. Credit enhancement could include additional security in form of pledge of shares listed on stock exchanges, etc. SO transactions are asset backed/ mortgage backed securities, securitized paper backed by hypothecation of car loan receivables, securities backed by trade receivables, credit card receivables etc. Hence, for CE rated instruments evaluation of the credit enhancement provider, as well as the issuer is undertaken to determine the issuer rating. In case of SO rated issuer, the underlying loan pools or securitization, etc. is assessed to arrive at rating for the issuer.
- Liquidity Risk: SO rated securities are often complex structures, with a variety of credit enhancements. Debt securities lack a well-developed secondary market in India, and due to the credit enhanced nature of CE securities as well as structured nature of SO securities, the liquidity in the market for these instruments is adversely affected compared to similar rated debt instruments. Hence, lower liquidity of such instruments, could lead to inability of the scheme to sell such debt instruments and generate liquidity for the scheme or higher impact cost when such instruments are sold.
- Credit Risk: The credit risk of debt instruments which are CE rated is based on the combined strength of the issuer as well as the structure. Hence, any weakness in either the issuer or the structure could have an adverse credit impact on the debt instrument. The weakness in structure could arise due to inability of the investors to enforce the structure due to issues such as legal risk, inability to sell the underlying collateral or enforce guarantee, etc. In case of SO transactions, comingling risk and risk of servicer increases the overall risk for the securitized debt or assets backed transactions. Therefore apart from issuer level credit risk such debt instruments are also susceptible to structure related credit risk.

Risks associated with investments in Securitized Assets:

A securitization transaction involves sale of receivables by the originator (a bank, non-banking finance company, housing finance company, or a manufacturing/service company) to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), typically set up in the form of a trust. Investors are issued rated Pass Through Certificates (PTCs), the proceeds of which are paid as consideration to the originator. In this manner, the originator, by selling his loan receivables to an SPV, receives consideration from investors much before the maturity of the underlying loans. Investors are paid from the collections of the underlying loans from borrowers.

Typically, the transaction is provided with a limited amount of credit enhancement (as stipulated by the rating agency for a target (rating), which provides protection to investors against defaults by the underlying borrowers.

Some of the risk factors typically analyzed for any securitization transaction are as follows:

• Risks associated with asset class: Underlying assets in securitized debt may assume different forms and the general types of receivables include commercial vehicles, auto finance, credit cards, home loans or any such receipts. Credit risks relating to these types of receivables depend upon various factors including macro economic factors of these industries and economies. Specific factors like nature and adequacy of collateral securing these receivables, adequacy of documentation in case of auto finance and home loans and intentions and credit profile of the borrower influence the risks relating to the asset borrowings underlying the securitised debt.

Risks associated with pool characteristics:

- (a) Size of the loan: This generally indicates the kind of assets financed with loans. While a pool of loan assets comprising of smaller individual loans provides diversification, if there is excessive reliance on very small ticket size, it may result in difficult and costly recoveries.
- **(b)** Loan to Value Ratio: This indicates how much percentage value of the asset is financed by borrower's own equity. The lower LTV, the better it is. This ratio stems from the principle that where the borrowers own contribution of the asset cost is high, the chances of default are lower. To illustrate for a Truck costing Rs. 20 lakh, if the borrower has himself contributed Rs.10 lakh and has taken only Rs. 10 lakh as a loan, he is going to have lesser propensity to default as he would lose an asset worth Rs. 20 lakh if he defaults in repaying an installment. This is as against a borrower who may meet only Rs. 2 lakh out of his own equity for a truck costing Rs. 20 lakh. Between the two scenarios given above, the later would have higher risk of default than the former.
- (c) Original maturity of loans and average seasoning of the pool: Original maturity indicates the original repayment period and whether the loan tenors are in line with industry averages and borrower's repayment capacity. Average seasoning indicates whether borrowers have already displayed repayment discipline. To illustrate, in the case of a personal loans, if a pool of assets consist of those who have already repaid 80% of the installments without default, this certainly is a superior asset pool than one where only 10% of installments have been paid. In the former case, the portfolio has already demonstrated that the repayment discipline is far higher.
- (d) Default rate distribution: This indicates how much % of the pool and overall portfolio of the originator is current, how much is in 0-30 DPD (days past due), 30-60 DPD, 60-90 DPD and so on. The rationale here is very obvious, as against 0-30 DPD, the 60-90 DPD is certainly a higher risk category.

B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. However, if such requirement is not satisfied during the NFO of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund will endeavor to ensure that within a period of 3 (three) months from the start of the NFO, or by the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme, whichever is earlier, the Scheme complies with these two conditions. In case a Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 (twenty) investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of

Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the Units would be redeemed at Applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied with within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI.

If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the calendar quarter, a rebalancing period of 1 (one) month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 (fifteen) days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 (fifteen) days would lead to automatic Redemption by the Mutual Fund at the Applicable NAV on the 15th day of the notice period without any Exit Load. The Mutual Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS, if any

Prospective investors should review/study Statement of Additional Information along with SID carefully and in its entirety and shall not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial/investment matters and are advised to consult their own professional advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the subscriptions, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, redemption or conversion into money) of units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalization, capital gains, any distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalization, disposal (sale, transfer, redemption or conversion into money) of units within their jurisdiction/nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any jurisdiction to which they or any managed funds to be used to purchase/gift units are subject, and also to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing/gifting to, purchasing or holding units before making an application for units.

Neither this SID nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration and accordingly, any person who gets possession of this SID is required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. It is the responsibility of any persons in possession of this SID and any persons wishing to apply for units pursuant to this SID to inform themselves of and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction. Any changes in SEBI/Stock Exchange/RBI regulations and other applicable laws/regulations could have an effect on such investments and valuation thereof.

360 ONE Mutual Fund/AMC/ Trustee has not authorised any person to issue any advertisement or give any information or make any representations, either oral or written, not stated in this SID in connection with issue of Units under the Scheme. Prospective investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representations not incorporated in this SID as the same have not been authorised by the Fund or the AMC. Purchase or redemption made by any person on the basis of statements or representations which are not contained in this SID or which are not consistent with the information contained herein shall be solely at the risk of the investor. The investors are requested to check the credentials of the individual, firm or other entity they are entrusting his/her application form and payment to, for any transaction with the Fund. The Fund shall not be

responsible for any acts done by the intermediaries representing or purportedly representing such investor.

If the units are held by any person in breach of the Regulations, law or requirements of any governmental, statutory authority including, without limitation, Exchange Control Regulations, the Fund may mandatorily redeem all the units of any unit holder where the units are held by a unit holder in breach of the same. The Trustee may further mandatorily redeem units of any unit holder in the event it is found that the unit holder has submitted information either in the application or otherwise that is false, misleading or incomplete.

If a unit holder makes a redemption request directly with the Fund immediately after purchase of units, the Fund shall have a right to withhold the redemption request till sufficient time has elapsed to ensure that the amount remitted by him (for purchase of units) is realized and the proceeds have been credited to the Scheme's Account. However, this is only applicable if the value of redemption is such that some or all of the freshly purchased units may have to be redeemed to effect the full redemption.

The tax benefits described in this SID and SAI are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advice received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this SID and the Unitholders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unitholder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.

The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.

In case the AMC or its Sponsor or its Shareholders or their affiliates/associates or group companies make substantial investment, either directly or indirectly in the Scheme, Redemption of units by these entities may have an adverse impact on the performance of the Scheme. This may also affect the ability of the other Unitholders to redeem their units.

Additional business undertaken by AMC:

Pursuant to Regulation 24(b) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, SEBI vide its letter dated January 24, 2014 has given its No Objection to 360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited) (360 ONE AMC) to undertake Investment Management and Advisory Services to the pooled assets including Alternative Investment Funds/Offshore Funds and to undertake Portfolio Management Services. Pursuant to said NOC, AMC act as an Investment Manager to 360 ONE Venture Fund (Formerly Known as IIFL Venture Fund) (Category I – Alternative Investment Fund), 360 ONE Private Equity Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Private Equity Fund) (Category II – Alternative Investment Fund), 360 ONE Opportunities Fund (Formerly known as IIFL

Opportunities Fund) (Category III – Alternative Investment Fund) and 360 ONE Real Estate Investment Trust (Formerly known as IIFL Real Estate Investment Trust) (Real Estate Investment Trust). The AMC also provides non-binding advisory services to 360 ONE Group.

The AMC is also registered as a Portfolio Manager under the SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993 vide registration No.INP000004565. The AMC is also registered with SEC, US as an Investment Adviser to provide Portfolio Management services to US persons.

The AMC has also received a no objection from SEBI to provide Advisory services to offshore funds. In carrying out the above mentioned additional business there is no conflict of Interest with the activities of the Mutual Fund.

In terms of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") the rules issued there under and the guidelines/circulars issued by SEBI regarding the Anti Money Laundering (AML) Laws, all intermediaries, including mutual funds, are required to formulate and implement a client identification programme, and to verify and maintain the record of identity and address(es) of investors.

If after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report any such suspicious transactions to competent authorities under PMLA and rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI, furnish any such information in connection therewith to such authorities and take any other actions as may be required for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations under PMLA and rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI without obtaining the prior approval of the investor/Unit Holder/ any other person.

Investors are urged to study the terms of the offer carefully before investing in the Scheme and retain this SID and the SAI for future reference.

D. DEFINITIONS

In this Information Document, unless the context otherwise requires:

	Unless stated otherwise in this document, 'Applicable NAV' is the Net			
Applicable NAV	Asset Value at the close of a Business/Working Day on which the purchase			
7.66.000.010.10.10	or redemption is sought by an investor and determined by the Fund.			
Asset				
Management	Means 360 ONE Asset Management Limited, a Company incorporated			
Company/ AMC/ under the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as an				
Investment Management Company for the Schemes of 360 ONE Multi				
Manager	(Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund).			
Beneficial Owner	As defined in the Depositories Act 1996 (22 of 1996) means a person			
	whose name is recorded as such with a depository			
Business Haves	Presently 10.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. on any Business Day or such other time			
Business Hours	as may be applicable from time to time.			
	An account statement detailing all the transactions during a period and /			
	or holding at the end of the period across all schemes of all mutual funds,			
Consolidated	including transaction charges paid to distributor, as applicable. This			
Account	statement will be issued to dormant investors on a half yearly basis and to			
Statement / CAS	investors in whose folios any transaction has taken place during a month,			
	on a monthly basis.			
	Means Deutsche Bank AG which has been granted a certificate of			
Custodian	registration by SEBI under SEBI (Custodian of Securities) Regulations, 1996			
Custodian	and for the time being appointed by the Fund for rendering custodial			
	services for the Scheme in accordance with the Regulations.			
Cut-off time	Cut-off Timing in relation to a prospective investor making an application			
	to the Mutual Fund for sale or repurchase of units, shall mean, the outer			
	limit of timing within a particular day which is relevant for determination			
	of the NAV applicable for his transaction			
Date of Allotment	The date of issue/transfer/credit of mutual fund units to investors			
	pursuant ongoing purchase of units in the manner as specified in this			
	document.			
	The process of converting physical units (account statements) into an			
Dematerialization	electronic form. Units once converted into dematerialised form are held in			
	a Demat account and are freely transferable.			
	Means a body corporate as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of			
Depository	1996) and includes National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) and Central			
5 '	Depository Systems Ltd (CDSL).			
Depository	Means a person registered as such under sub-section (1A) of section 12 of			
Participant	the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.			
Entry Load	Means load on purchase/subscription of units			
Facilities B. L. C.	Equity Related Instruments include convertible debentures, convertible			
Equity Related	preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares,			
Instruments equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified				
Estate and	Board from time to time.			
Exit Load	Means load on repurchase/redemption of units.			

Foreign Portfolio Investor or FPI	FPI means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under Regulation 4 and has been registered under Chapter II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investor) Regulations, 2019.		
Fund/ Mutual Fund	Means 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund), a Trust set up under the provisions of Indian Trust Act, 1882 and registered with SEBI vide Registration No. MF/067/11/02 dated March 23, 2011.		
IDCW/Income	Means income distributed on Mutual Fund Units from the distributable		
Distribution cum	surplus, which may include a portion of the investor's capital {i.e. part of		
Capital	Sale Price (viz. price paid by the investor for purchase of Units)		
Withdrawal	representing retained realized gains (equalization reserve).		
Investor	Means any resident or non-resident person whether individual or a non-individual who is eligible to subscribe for units under the laws of his/her/their state/country of incorporation, establishment citizenship, residence or domicile and under the Income Tax Act, 1961 including amendments made from time to time and who has made an application for subscribing units under the Scheme. Under normal circumstances, a unit holder would be deemed to be an investor.		
IMA	Means Investment Management Agreement dated April 29, 2010, as amended from time to time, entered into between 360 ONE Asset Trustee Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Trustee Ltd.) and 360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Ltd.)		
Load	Means a charge that may be levied as a percentage of NAV at the time of entry into the Scheme or at the time of exit from the Scheme.		
NAV	Means Net Asset Value per unit of the Scheme calculated in the manner described in this SID or as may be prescribed by the SEBI Regulations from time to time.		
Non- resident Indian or NRI	A Non-Resident Indian or a Person of Indian Origin residing outside India.		
RBI	Means the Reserve Bank of India established under The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.		
Regular Plan	This Plan is for investors who wish to route their investment through any distributor.		
Record Date	Shall be the date that will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the investors whose names appear in the Scheme's Unitholder's Register for receiving IDCW in accordance with the SEBI Regulations.		
Registrar and Transfer Agent	Computer Age Management Services Ltd. (CAMS), registered under the SEBI (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993, currently acting as registrar to the Scheme, or any other Registrar appointed by the AMC from time to time.		
Scheme	Means 360 ONE FlexiCap Fund offered under this Document.		
SEBI	Means the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 as amended from time to time.		

SEBI Regulations/ Mutual Fund Regulations / Regulations	Means SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time including any circulars, directions or clarifications issued by SEBI or any Government authority and as applicable to the Scheme and the Fund.			
Scheme Information Document/ SID	Means this document issued by 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known a IIFL Mutual Fund) for offering Units of the Scheme			
Securities	As defined in Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 & includes notes, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, warrants, etc., futures, options, derivatives, etc. or other transferable securities of a like nature in or of any incorporated company or other body corporate, Gilts / Government Securities, Mutual Fund Units, Money Market Instruments like Call Deposit, Commercial Paper, Treasury Bills, etc. and such other instruments as may be declared by GOI and / or SEBI and / or RBI and / or any other regulatory authority to be securities and rights or interest in securities but subject to the asset allocation of the Scheme.			
Self Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB)	Self Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) means a bank registered with SEBI to offer the facility of applying Bank (SCSB) through the ASBA facility. ASBAs can be accepted only by SCSBs, whose names appear in the list of SCSBs as displayed by SEBI on its website at www.sebi.gov.in.			
Statement of Additional Information / SAI	Means the document issued by 360 ONE Mutual Fund containing details of 360 ONE Mutual Fund, its constitution and certain tax, legal and general information. SAI is legally a part of the SID.			
Sponsor	Means 360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Ltd.), a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and includes its successors and permitted assigns.			
Short Selling	Short selling means selling a stock which the seller does not own at the time of trade.			
Switch	Redemption of a unit(s) in any scheme(s) of the mutual Fund against purchase of unit(s) in another scheme(s) (including Plans therein) of the Mutual Fund, subject to completion of Lock-in period, if any of the unit(s) of the Scheme(s) from where the unit(s) are being switched and applicable load structure.			
Trustee	Means the Trustee Company which holds the property of 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund) in trust and includes the directors of the Trustee Company and the successors and assigns of the Trustee Company.			
Trustee Company	Means 360 ONE Asset Trustee Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Trustee Ltd.), a Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as Trustee of the Schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund.			
Trust Deed	Means the Deed of Trust of the Mutual Fund dated April 29, 2010 and the Supplemental Trust Deed entered on December 9, 2015 entered into between 360 ONE WAM Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Wealth Management Ltd.) (Settlor) and 360 ONE Asset Trustee Limited (formerly known as IIFL Trustee Ltd.) (Trustee Company).			
Unit	Means the interest of investor in the Scheme, which consists of each unit representing one undivided share in the assets of the Scheme.			

Unit-holder	Means a person holding unit(s) in the Scheme offered under this SID.		
Working Day/ Business Day	Means any day other than: (a) Saturday and Sunday (b) a day on which capital/debt markets in Mumbai are closed or are unable to trade for any reason (c) a day on which the register of unit holders is closed (d) a day on which the Banks in Mumbai are closed/or RBI is closed for business/clearing (e) a day on which NSE is closed (f) a day which is public/Bank holiday at a collection centre where the application is received (g) a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the Trustee (h) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes etc. However, the AMC reserves the right to declare any day a Working Day or otherwise at any or all collection centres.		
Words and express them in Trust Deed	ions used in this SID and not defined will have same meaning as assigned to		
Interpretation			
For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:			
All references to the masculine shall include feminine and all reference to the singular shall			
include plural and vice-versa.			
All references to "dollars" or "\$" refer to the Unites States Dollars and "Rs." refer to the Indian			
Rupees. A "crore" means "ten million" and a "lakh" means a hundred thousand.			
All references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).			

E. DUE DELIGIENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- I. The Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- II. All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- III. The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed Scheme.
- IV. The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- V. The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields, etc. have been checked and are factually correct.

For 360 ONE Asset Management Limited

(Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited)

Sd/-

Place: Mumbai

Date: October 30, 2023

Name: Jignesh Modi

Designation: Compliance Officer

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. TYPE OF SCHEME

An open - ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.

B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long-term capital appreciation by primarily investing in equity and equity related securities across the entire market capitalization range and investing the remaining portion in debt and money market instruments. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.

C. ASSET ALLOCATION

The investment policies of the Scheme shall be as per SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, and within the following guidelines. Under normal market circumstances, the investment range would be as follows:

Instruments	%	Risk Profile
Equity or *Equity Related Instruments across market capitalization (including derivatives and covered call)		High Risk
Listed Preference shares	0%-10%	High Risk
Debt and money market instruments^	0%- 35%	Low to Moderate Risk
Units issued by REITs and Invits	0% - 10%	Moderately High Risk

^{*}Equity Related Instruments include convertible debentures, convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

^ The Scheme may invest in securitized debt, structured obligations and credit enhancements as per the following limits:

- Securitized debt up to 40% of debt portfolio.
- Stock lending up to 20% of the net assets subject to 5% cap per single counter party subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations and in accordance with Securities Lending Scheme, 1997 clause 12.11 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and framework for short selling and borrowing and lending of securities notified by SEBI.
- Structured Obligations up to 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:
 - a. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
 - b. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

The Scheme may take derivative positions for other than hedging purposes shall not exceed 50% of total assets (45% of the equity portfolio and 5% of the debt portfolio). The Scheme may undertake Imperfect hedging in accordance with guidelines and limits prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

In accordance with clause 12.24 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023 the cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including fixed income derivatives), repo transactions, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs) should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Pursuant to clause 12.25 of SEBI master circular dated May 19, 2023 and SEBI Letter to AMFI dated November 03, 2021, Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. Cash Equivalent shall consist of the following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days:

- a) Government Securities;
- b) T-Bills; and
- c) Repo on Government securities

The Scheme will not participate in foreign securities, equity linked debentures, repo transactions of Corporate Debt Securities, debt instruments with special features as specified in clause 12.2 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023. The Scheme may invest in unrated debt and debt derivative instruments.

The Scheme will not participate in securities lending more than 20% of total Net Assets of the Scheme with maximum single party exposure restricted to 5% of the total assets. The Scheme will enter into securities lending in accordance with the framework specified by SEBI in this regard.

Pending deployment of the funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds of the Scheme may be parked in short term deposits of the scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines and limits specified by clause 12.16 and 4.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time.

Change in Asset Allocation

The Scheme may review the above pattern of investments/ asset allocation based on views on equity markets, interest rates and asset liability management needs. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives and asset allocation pattern of the Scheme. Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations, legislative amendments and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary substantially depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and for defensive considerations only.

Rebalancing due to Short Term Defensive Consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations as per clause 1.14.1.2 (b)

of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 from the date of deviation.

Rebalancing due to Passive Breaches:

Further, as per clause 2.9 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023, as may be amended from time to time, in the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the fund manager shall rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within 30 Business Days. In case the portfolio of the Scheme is not rebalanced within the period of 30 Business Days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) Business Days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines the AMC shall comply with the prescribed restrictions, the reporting and disclosure requirements as specified in SEBI circular dated March 30, 2022.

How is the Scheme different from existing open ended schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund).

360 ONE Flexi Cap Fund is a new product offered by 360 ONE Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of the existing Scheme. 360 ONE Flexi Cap Fund is different from the existing open-ended scheme(s) launched by 360 ONE Mutual Fund, as stated below:

Sr	Name & Type of the Scheme	Indicative Asso	et Allocatio	on of the	Investment Objective	AUM as on 30 th Septe mber, 2023 (Rs. Crore)	No of Folio s as on 30 th Sept emb er, 2023	Comparison
1.	360 ONE Focused Equity Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Focused Equity Fund) (An openended equity scheme	Equity or Equity related instruments	% 75%-100% 0%-25%	Risk profile High Low to mediu m	The investment objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation for investors from a portfolio of equity and equity related securities. However, there	4630.0	12,92 ,58	360 ONE Focused Equity Fund is an open ended equity scheme investing in maximum

	investing in maximum 30 multicap stocks)	securities where security right and include convertible compulsorily debentures.	t to receive of des share preference or optionally	holder of the equity shares warrants, shares and y convertible	can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.	65.50	4593	30 multicap stocks while 360 ONE Flexicap Fund is an open — ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks. 360 ONE
2.	360 ONE Quant Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Quant Fund) (An Open ended equity scheme investing based on quant theme)	Equity or Equity related instrumen ts* Debt and money market Units issued by REITs and Invits	% 80%- 100% 0%-20%	Risk profile Medium to High Low to medium Medium to High	objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation for investors from a portfolio of equity and equity related securities. The stocks will be selected based on quantitative portfolio construction		4593	Quant Fund is an open- ended equity scheme investing based on quant theme while 360 ONE Flexicap Fund is an open —
		*Equity Related Instruments include convertible debentures, convertible preference shares, warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares, equity derivatives and such other instrument as may be specified by the Board from time to time.			methods and techniques. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.			ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap

							stocks.
3. 360 ON ELSS Nifty 5 Tax Save Index Fun (Formerly known a IIFL ELS Nifty 50 Ta Saver Index Fund)	Equity instruments covered by Nifty 50 Index	% 95%- 100% 0%-5%	Risk profile High Low to moderate	The investment objective of scheme is to invest in in stocks comprising the Nifty 50 Index in the same proportion as in the index to achieve returns equivalent to the Total Returns Index of Nifty 50 Index, subject to tracking error, while offering deduction on such investment made in the scheme under section 80C of the Income-tax Act, 1961. It also seeks to distribute income periodically depending on distributable surplus. There is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved. Investments in this scheme would be subject to a statutory lock-in of 3 years from	46.17	8138	stocks. 360 ONE ELSS Nifty 50 Tax Saver Index Fund is an open ended Passive Equity Linked Saving Scheme with a statutory lock-in period of 3 years and tax benefit, replicating /tracking the Nifty 50 index. while 360 ONE Flexicap Fund is an open - ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks

	allotment to avail		
	Section 80C		
	benefits.		

D. INVESTMENT BY THE SCHEME

Investment in Equities and equity related instruments

The scheme shall invest into equities and equities related instruments as per limit specified in the asset allocations subject to permissible limits laid under SEBI (MF) regulations.

Investment in Debt and money market instrument: The Scheme may also invest in debt and money market instruments, in compliance with Regulations to meet liquidity requirements. The scheme may also invest in liquid schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund or other schemes which has objective to invest in debt and money market instruments. Money Market Instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, and Government securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, TREPs and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Investment in Derivatives:

Derivative positions for other than hedging purposes shall not exceed 50% of total assets (45% exposure towards equity and 5% towards debt). The Scheme may undertake Imperfect hedging in accordance with guidelines and limits prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Investment in units of REIT & INVITS

The Investment Manager endeavours to invest in REITS/InvITs, where adequate due diligence and research has been performed by the Investment Manager. The analysis will focus, amongst others, on the predictability and strength of cash flows, value of assets, capital structure, business prospects, policy environment, strength of management, responsiveness to business conditions, etc.

Investment in Preference shares

The scheme shall invest into listed preference shares as per limit specified in the asset allocation table subject to permissible limits laid under SEBI (MF) regulations.

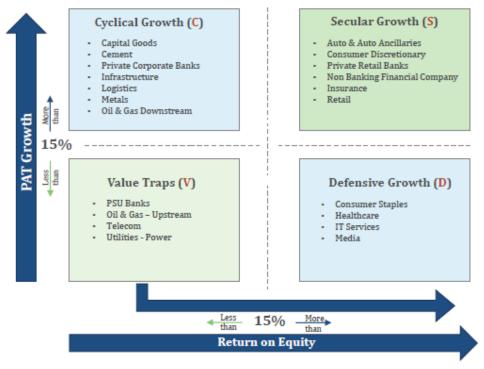
E. INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Scheme will invest in stocks across market capitalization with no market cap bias. The Scheme will follow a bottom-up approach to stock-picking and choose companies across sectors/styles without any bias.

The scheme intends to follow SCDV Framework along with internal (financial analysis, corporate governance checks, risk reward evaluation, etc) and external analysis (conferences, investor

presentations, management interaction, primary visits across supply chain, etc) for security selection.

Our key investment framework is illustrated in the diagram below. Securities are classified into 4 categories based on their PAT (Profit After Tax) growth and ROE (Return on Equity).



- a) **Secular:** Companies delivering 15% PAT and ROE growth rates, playing out India's secular upward growth shift e.g. financial services, consumer discretionary, auto and auto ancillaries.
- b) **Cyclicals:** High growth companies which typically have high capital expenditures and hence a lower ROE e.g. Infrastructure, logistics, capital goods. These have relatively higher sensitivity to business and economic cycles
- c) **Defensive:** Companies that have high ROE and lower growth rates, low capital expenditures and sensitivity to business cycles, but that provide a cushion to returns during downturns e.g. consumer staples, healthcare
- d) Value Traps: Companies that register low growth rates and ROE, which are typically avoided across public equity strategies

Strategies for Investment in Derivatives
Illustration of some derivative transactions

i) Index Futures: Benefits

- a) Investment in Stock Index Futures can give exposure to the index without directly buying the individual stocks. Appreciation in Index stocks can be effectively captured through investment in Stock Index Futures.
- b) The Scheme can sell futures to hedge against market movements effectively without actually selling the stocks it holds.

The Stock Index futures are instruments designed to give exposure to the equity market indices. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited have started trading in index futures of 1, 2 and 3-month maturities. The pricing of an index future is the function of the underlying index and interest rates.

Illustration

Spot Index: 1070

1 month Nifty Future Price on day 1: 1075

Scheme buys 100 lots

Each lot has a nominal value equivalent to 200 units of the underlying index

Let us say that on the date of settlement, the future price = Closing spot price = 1085

Profits for the Scheme = (1085-1075)* 100 lots*200 = Rs. 200,000

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only.

The net impact for the Scheme will be in terms of the difference between the closing price of the index and cost price (ignoring margins for the sake of simplicity). Thus, it is clear from the example that the profit or loss for the Scheme will be the difference of the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to the one with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and hence mispricing of the future at the time of purchase.

Basic Structure of a Stock & Index Future

The Stock Index futures are instruments designed to give exposure to the equity markets indices.

BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) provide futures in select stocks and indices with maturities of 1, 2 and 3 months. The pricing of a stock/index future is the function of the underlying stock/index and short term interest rates.

Example using hypothetical figure 1 month NIFTY 50 Index Future

Say, Fund buys 1,000 futures contracts; each contract value is 50 times futures index price

Purchase Date: December 08, 2022

Spot Index: 6036.25 Future Price: 6081.90

Say, Date of Expiry: January 08, 2023

Say, Margin: 20%

Assuming the exchange imposes total margin of 20%, the Investment Manager will be required to provide total margin of approx. Rs. 6.08 Cr (i.e.20% * 6081.90 * 1000 * 50) through eligible securities and cash.

Date of Expiry

Assuming on the date of expiry, i.e. Jan 08, 2023, Nifty 50 Index closes at 6100, the net impact will be a profit of Rs 9,05,000 for the fund i.e. (6100–6081.90)*1000*50

Futures price = Closing spot price = 6100.00

Profits for the Fund = (6100–6081.90)*1000*50 = Rs. 9,05,000

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity.

The net impact for the Fund will be in terms of the difference of the closing price of the index and cost price. Thus, it is clear from the example that the profit or loss for the Fund will be the difference of the closing price (which can be higher or lower than the purchase price) and the purchase price. The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis—pricing of the futures.

ii) Buying Options:

Benefits of buying a call option:

Buying a call option on a stock or index gives the owner the right, but not the obligation, to buy the underlying stock / index at the designated strike price. Here the downside risks are limited to the premium paid to purchase the option.

Illustration

For example, if the Scheme buys a one month call option on XYZ Limited at a strike of Rs. 150, the current market price being say Rs.151. The Scheme will have to pay a premium of say Rs. 15 to buy this call. If the stock price goes below Rs. 150 during the tenure of the call, the Scheme avoids the loss it would have incurred had it straightaway bought the stock instead of the call option. The Scheme gives up the premium of Rs. 15 that has to be paid in order to protect the fund from this probable downside. If the stock goes above Rs. 150, it can exercise its right and own XYZ Limited at a cost price of Rs. 150, thereby participating in the upside of the stock.

Benefits of buying a put option

Buying a put option on a stock originally held by the buyer gives him/her the right, but not the obligation, to sell the underlying stock at the designated strike price. Here the downside risks are limited to the premium paid to purchase the option.

Illustration

For example, if the Scheme owns XYZ Limited and also buys a three month put option on XYZ Limited at a strike of Rs. 150, the current market price being say Rs.151. The Scheme will have to pay a premium of say Rs. 12 to buy this put. If the stock price goes below Rs. 150 during the tenure of the put, the Scheme can still exercise the put and sell the stock at Rs. 150, avoiding therefore any downside on the stock below Rs. 150. The Scheme gives up the fixed premium of Rs. 12 that has to be paid in order to protect the Scheme from this probable downside. If the stock goes above Rs. 150,

say to Rs. 170, it will not exercise its option. The Scheme will participate in the upside of the stock, since it can now sell the stock at the prevailing market price of Rs. 170.

The following section describes some of the more common equity derivatives transactions long with their benefits:

Basic Structure of an Equity Option

An option gives a buyer the right but does not cast the obligation to buy or sell the underlying. An option is a contract between two parties wherein the buyer receives a privilege for which he pays a fee (premium) and the seller accepts an obligation for which he receives a fee. The premium is the price negotiated and set when the option is bought or sold. A person who buys an option is said to be long in the option. A person who sells (or writes) an option is said to be short in the option.

In India, National Stock Exchange (NSE) became the first exchange to launch trading in options on individual securities. Trading in options on individual securities commenced from July 2, 2001. All stock/index Option contracts are European style (w.e.f. January 2011) and cash settled as stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

Example using hypothetical figures on Index Options:

Market type: N

Instrument Type: OPTIDX

Underlying: Nifty

Purchase date: Dec 08, 2022 Expiry date: January 08, 2023

Option Type: Put Option (Purchased)

Strike Price: Rs. 6,000.00 Spot Price: Rs. 6036.00 Premium: Rs. 84.00

Lot Size: 50

No. of Contracts: 100

Say, the Fund purchases on December 08, 2022, 1 month Put Options on Nifty on the NSE i.e. put options on 5000 shares (100 contracts of 50 shares each) of Nifty.

Date of Exercise

As these are European style options, they can be exercised only on the exercise date i.e. January 08, 2023. If the share price of Nifty falls to Rs.5,500 on expiry day, the net impact will be as follows:

Premium expense = Rs.84*100* 50 Rs. 4,20,000

Option Exercised at = Rs. 5,500

Profits for the Fund = (6000.00-5,500.00) * 100*50 = Rs. 25,00,000

Net Profit = Rs. 25,00,000 - Rs. 4,20,000 = Rs. 20,80,000

In the above example, the Investment Manager hedged the market risk on 5000 shares of Nifty Index by purchasing Put Options.

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. Certain factors like margins have been ignored. The purchase of Put Options does not increase the market risk in the fund as the risk is already in the fund's

portfolio on account of the underlying asset position. The premium paid for the option is treated as an expense. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis-pricing of the options.

The fund will use derivatives instruments for the purpose hedging or portfolio rebalancing or for any other stock and / or index derivative strategies as allowed under the SEBI regulations.

Example of Hedging using Index Futures

The scheme holds stock at current market price of Rs. 100. To hedge the exposure, the scheme will sell index futures for Rs. 100.

The stock will make a gain or a loss subject to its relative out-performance or underperformance of the markets.

Stock A falls by 10% and market index also falls by 10%.

Profit/(Loss) on stock A will be = (Rs. 10)

Profit/(Loss) on Short Nifty futures = Rs. 10

Net Profit/(loss) = Nil

Therefore, hedging allows the scheme to protect against market falls.

Please note that the above examples are only for illustration purposes.

Various Derivatives Strategies:

If and where Derivative strategies are used under the scheme the Fund Manager will employ a combination of the following strategies:

1. Index Arbitrage:

As the Nifty 50 Index derives its value from fifty underlying stocks, the underlying stocks can be used to create a synthetic index matching the Nifty Index levels. Also, theoretically, the fair value of a stock/ index futures is equal to the spot price plus the cost of carry i.e. the interest rate prevailing for an equivalent credit risk, in this case is the Clearing Corporation of the NSE.

Theoretically, therefore, the pricing of Nifty Index futures should be equal to the pricing of the synthetic index created by futures on the underlying stocks. However, due to market imperfections, the index futures may not exactly correspond to the synthetic index futures.

The Nifty Index futures normally trades at a discount to the synthetic Index due to large volumes of stock hedging being done using the Nifty Index futures giving rise to arbitrage opportunities.

The fund manager shall aim to capture such arbitrage opportunities by taking long positions in the Nifty Index futures and short positions in the synthetic index. The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of-capital.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to lock-in the arbitrage gains.

Risks Associated with this Strategy

- Lack of opportunity available in the market
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices:

Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

2. Cash Futures Arbitrage: (Only one way as funds are not allowed to short in the cash market).

The Scheme would look for market opportunities between the spot and the futures market. The cash futures arbitrage strategy can be employed when the price of the futures exceeds the price of the underlying stock.

The Scheme will first buy the stocks in cash market and then sell in the futures market to lock the spread known as arbitrage return.

Buying the stock in cash market and selling the futures results into a hedge where the Plans have locked in a spread and is not affected by the price movement of cash market and futures market. The arbitrage position can be continued till expiry of the future contracts. The future contracts are settled based on the last half an hour's weighted average trade of the cash market. Thus there is a convergence between the cash market and the futures market on expiry. This convergence helps the Plans under the Scheme to generate the arbitrage return locked in earlier. However, the position could even be closed earlier in case the price differential is realized before expiry or better opportunities are available in other stocks. The strategy is attractive if this price differential (post all costs) is higher than the investor's cost-of-capital.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to lock-in the arbitrage gains.

Risk Associated with this Strategy

Lack of opportunity available in the market

The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices

Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place

3. Hedging and alpha strategy: The fund will use exchange-traded derivatives to hedge the equity portfolio. The hedging could be either partial or complete depending upon the fund managers' perception of the markets. The fund manager shall either use index futures and options or stock futures and options to hedge the stocks in the portfolio. The fund will seek to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by selling appropriate index. For example, one can seek to generate positive alpha by buying an IT stock and selling Nifty IT Index future or a bank stock and selling Bank Index futures or buying a stock and selling the Nifty Index.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to generate alpha by superior stock selection and removing market risks by hedging with appropriate index.

Risk Associated with this Strategy

• The stock selection under this strategy may under-perform the market and generate a negative alpha.

- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.
- **4. Other Derivative Strategies:** As allowed under the SEBI guidelines on derivatives, the fund manager will employ various other stock and index derivative strategies by buying or selling stock/index futures and/or options.

Objective of the Strategy

The objective of the strategy is to earn low volatility consistent returns.

Risk Associated with this Strategy

The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices

Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

Covered Call Strategy

A call option gives the holder (buyer) the right but not the obligation to buy an asset by a certain date for a certain price. The covered call is a strategy in which a seller sells a call option on a stock he owns.

Benefits of using Covered Call strategy in Mutual Funds:

The covered call strategy can be followed by the Fund Manager in order to hedge risk thereby resulting in better risk adjusted returns of the Scheme. The strategy offers the following benefits:

- a. Hedge against market risk Since the fund manager sells a call option on a stock already owned by the mutual fund scheme, the downside from fall in the stock price would be lower to the extent of the premium earned from the call option.
- b. Generating additional returns in the form of option premium in a range bound market.

Thus, a covered call strategy involves gains for unit holders in case the strategy plays out in the right direction.

Additional risks for writing covered call options for equity shares

- 1. Writing call options are highly specialized activities and entail higher than ordinary investment risks. In such investment strategy, the profits from call option writing is capped at the option premium, however the downside depends upon the increase in value of the underlying equity shares.
- 2. The Scheme may write covered call option only in case it has adequate number of underlying equity shares as per regulatory requirement. This would lead to setting aside a portion of investment in underlying equity shares. If covered call options are sold to the maximum extent allowed by regulatory authority, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares immediately if the view changes to sell and exit the stock. The covered call options need to be

unwound before the stock positions can be liquidated. This may lead to a loss of opportunity, or can cause exit issues if the strike price at which the call option contracts have been written become illiquid. Hence, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares, which can lead to temporary illiquidity of the underlying equity shares and result in loss of opportunity.

- 3. The writing of covered call option would lead to loss of opportunity due to appreciation in value of the underlying equity shares. Hence, when the appreciation in equity share price is more than the option premium received the scheme would be at a loss.
- 4. The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed the regulatory limits of the net assets of the scheme. This may restrict the ability of Scheme to buy any options.

Illustration – Covered Call strategy using stock call options:

Suppose, a fund manager buys equity stock of XYZ Ltd. For Rs. 1000 and simultaneously sells a call option on the same stock at a strike price of Rs. 1100. The scheme earns a premium of say, Rs. 50. Here, the fund manager does not think that the stock price will exceed Rs. 1100.

Scenario 1: Stock price exceeds Rs. 1100

The call option will get exercised and the fund manager will sell the stock to settle his obligation on the call at Rs. 1100 (earning a return of 10% on the stock purchase price). Also, the scheme has earned a premium of Rs. 50.

Net Gain -

Rs. 1100 (strike price) – Rs. 1000 (stock purchase price) + Rs. 50 (premium earned) = Rs. 150

Scenario 2: Stock prices stays below Rs. 1100

The call option will not get exercised and will expire worthless. The premium earned on call option will generate alpha for the scheme.

Net Gain – Rs. 50 (Premium earned).

Debt Derivatives

The Scheme may use derivatives instruments like Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time for the purpose that may be permitted by SEBI Mutual Fund Regulations from time to time.

Interest rate swap is a strategy in which one party exchanges a stream of interest for another party's stream. Interest rate swaps are normally 'fixed against floating', but can also be 'fixed against fixed' or 'floating against floating' rate swaps. Interest rate swaps will be used to take advantage of interest-rate fluctuations, by swapping fixed-rate obligations for floating rate obligations, or swapping floating rate obligations to fixed-rate obligations.

i) Advantages of Derivatives

The volatility in Indian debt markets has increased over last few months. Derivatives provide unique flexibility to the Scheme to hedge part of their portfolio. Some of the advantages of specific derivatives are as under:

ii) Interest Rate Swaps and Forward rate Agreements

Bond markets in India are not very liquid. Investors run the risk of illiquidity in such markets.

Investing for short-term periods for liquidity purposes has its own risks. Investors can benefit if the Fund remains in call market for the liquidity and at the same time take advantage of fixed rates by entering into a swap. It adds certainty to the returns without sacrificing liquidity.

The following is an illustration how derivatives work

Basic Details: Fixed to floating swap Notional Amount: Rs. 5 Crores Benchmark: NSE MIBOR

Deal Tenor: 3 months (say 91 days)

Documentation: International Securities Dealers Association (ISDA).

Let us assume the fixed rate decided was 10%

At the end of three months, the following exchange will take place: Counter party 1 pays: compounded call rate for three months, say 9.90%

Counter party 2 pays fixed rate: 10%

In practice, however, the difference of the two amounts is settled. Counter party 2 will pay Rs. 5 Crores

0.10% 91/365 = Rs. 12,465.75

Thus the tradeoff for the Fund will be the difference in call rate and the fixed rate payment and this can vary with the call rates in the market. Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only and the actual returns may vary depending on the terms of swap and market conditions.

Risk Factor: The risk arising out of uses of the above derivative strategy as under:

- Lack of opportunities available in the market.
- The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Please note that the above example is given for illustration purposes only. Some assumptions have been made for the sake of simplicity. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis—pricing of the options.

iii) Interest Rate Futures:

IRF means a standardized interest rate derivative contract traded on a recognized stock exchange to buy or sell a notional security or any other interest bearing instrument or an index of such instruments or interest rates at a specified future date, at a price determined at the time of the contract.

Hedging using interest rate futures could be perfect or imperfect, subject to applicable regulations.

Currently, exchange traded Interest Rate Futures traded on exchange are standardized contracts based on 10-Year Government of India Security and 91 day Treasury bill. IRF contracts are cash settled.

IRFs give an opportunity in the fixed income market to hedge interest rate risk or rebalance the portfolio by using them. By locking into a price, the IRF contract can help to eliminate the interest rate risk. Thus, in order to protect against a fall in the value of the portfolio due to falling bond prices, one can take short position in IRF contracts.

Example:

Date: April 01, 2022

Spot price of the Government Security: Rs.108.83

Price of IRF- April contract: Rs. 108.90

On April 01, 2022, Fund buys 1000 units of the Government security from the spot market at Rs. 108.83. Subsequently, it is anticipated that the interest rate will rise in the near future. Therefore to hedge the exposure in underlying Government security, Fund sells April 2022 Interest Rate Futures contracts at Rs. 108.90.

On April 15, 2022 due to increase in interest rate:

Spot price of the Government Security: Rs. 107.24

Futures Price of IRF Contract: Rs.107.30

Loss in underlying market will be (107.24 - 108.83)*1000 = (Rs. 1,590)Profit in the Futures market will be (107.30 - 108.90)*1000 = Rs. 1,600

Illustration for Imperfect Hedging

Scenario 1 and 2

Assumption: Portfolio whose duration is 3 years, is being hedged with an IRF whose underlying

securities duration is 10 years Portfolio Duration: 3 year

Market Value of Portfolio: Rs 100 cr

Imperfect Hedging cannot exceed 20% of Portfolio.

Maximum extent of short position that may be taken in IRFs is as per below mentioned formula:

Portfolio (security) Modified Duration * Market Value of Portfolio (security) / (Futures Modified

Duration * Futures Price/PAR)

Consider that we choose to hedge 20% of portfolio

(3 * (0.2 * 100))/(10 * 100/100) = Rs 6 cr

So we must Sell Rs 6 cr of IRF with underlying duration of 10 years to hedge Rs 20 cr of Portfolio with duration of 3 years.

Scenario 1

If the yield curve moves in a way that the 3 year moves up by 10 bps and the 10 year moves up by 5bps, which means that the short end has moved up more than the long end

Amount of Security in Portfolio (LONG): Rs 20cr

If yields move up buy 10 bps then the price of the security with a modified duration of 3 years will move down by;

Formula: (Yield movement * Duration) * Portfolio Value

((0.001*3)*20,00,000,000) = -6,00,000

Underlying IRF (SHORT): Rs 6crs

If yields move up buy 5bps then the price of the security with a duration of 10 years will move down by; Formula: (Yield movement * Duration) * Portfolio Value

(-0.0005*10)*6,00,00,000 = 3,00,000

Since we have sold the IRF, this movement is positive and hence the total loss will be reduced to: -6,00,000 + 3,00,000 = -3,00,000

Due to IRF, the overall impact on the portfolio due to interest rate movement has been reduced.

Scenario 2

If the yield curve moves in a way that the 3 year does not move and the 10 year moves down by 5 bps, which means that the yield curve has flattened.

If yield does not move then the price of the security with a duration of 3 years will remain flat: Formula: (Yield movement * Duration) * Portfolio Value (0*3) * 20,00,00,000 = 0

Underlying IRF (SHORT): Rs 6cr

If yields moves down by 5bps then the price of the security with a duration of 10 years will move up by; (0.0005*10)*6,00,00,000 = -3,00,000

In this scenario, the imperfect hedge created on the portfolio would create a loss on the total position.

Valuation of Derivative Products

- i. The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the valuation policy of the Mutual Fund.
- ii. The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 as amended from time to time.

Risk Mitigation

Risk is an inherent part of the investment function. Effective Risk management is critical to fund management for achieving financial soundness. Investment by the Scheme would be made as per the investment objective of the Scheme and in accordance with SEBI Regulations. AMC has adequate safeguards to manage risk in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. The risk control process would include identifying the risk and taking proper measures for the same. Further, AMC has put in place a Front Office System for managing risk. The system has incorporated the investment restrictions as per the SEBI guidelines and enables identifying and measuring the risk through various risk management tools like various portfolio analytics, risk ratios, average duration and analyses the same and acts in a preventive manner.

Portfolio Turnover

The Scheme, being an open-ended diversified Scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. However, it is difficult to measure with reasonable accuracy the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme.

The portfolio may be churned in order to take advantage of movements in the securities market and to maximize the average returns on the portfolio while maintaining a desirable risk profile and adequate liquidity.

F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the fundamental attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI Regulations:

I. **Type of Scheme:** An open - ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap and small cap stocks.

II. Investment Objective:

- Investment objective: Please refer section of 'Investment Objective'.
- Investment pattern Please refer section of 'Asset Allocation'.
- III. **Terms of Issue:** Terms of Issue relating to:
 - 'Listing, repurchase, redemption of units': Please refer section of Listing on Page No. 57 & Redemption Process on Page No. 62
 - 'Aggregate fees and expenses': Please refer Section on 'Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses'.
 - 'Safety Net or Guarantee': The Scheme does not provide any guaranteed or assured return

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the Regulations, the Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and Plan(s)/Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s)/Option(s) thereunder and affect the interest of the Unit Holders will be carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit Holder and an
 advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as
 in a Marathi daily newspaper with wide circulation published in Mumbai (as the head office of
 the Fund is situated there); and
- The Unit holders are given an option to exit for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any Exit Load.
- In addition to the conditions specified above, for effecting any change in the fundamental attributes of the scheme, trustees shall take comments of the SEBI and any change suggested by SEBI would be incorporated before carrying such proposed change(s)

G. BENCHMARK INDEX

The performance of the Scheme is benchmarked against the S&P BSE 500 TRI. S&P BSE 500 TRI is a broad-based index and its composition broadly represents the Scheme's investment universe.

As required under clause 1.9 of SEBI master circular dated May 19, 2023, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first-tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the benchmark for the evaluation of the performance of the Scheme from time to time, keeping in mind the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, after obtaining relevant approval from SEBI. The above benchmark is line with the clause 1.9 of SEBI master circular dated May 19, 2023.

H. FUND MANAGER OF THE SCHEME

Fund Manager/Age	Brief Experience
Mr. Mayur Patel, 41 years	Mr. Mayur Patel has over 16 years of work experience including investment management and research experience of more than 10 years. Prior to joining 360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited), he managed equity portfolios of DSP BlackRock Equity Savings Fund and MIP Fund at DSP BlackRock Investment Managers (a joint venture between BlackRock and the DSP Group in India). Mr. Patel joined DSP BlackRock in 2013 as an Equity Analyst responsible for origination and dissemination of ideas across energy, industrials and utilities sectors. Earlier, he was associated with Spark Capital as Lead Analyst, Energy in their Institutional Equities division and has also worked with Tata Motors and CRISIL. He is a Chartered Accountant and a CFA charter holder.

Mr. Patel is also managing 360 ONE Focused Equity Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Focused Equity Fund) scheme for 360 ONE Mutual Fund. He is also managing equity portion of 360 ONE Balanced Hybrid Fund.

I. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The following investment limitations and other restrictions, inter-alia, as contained in the Trust Deed and the Regulations apply to the Scheme:

- Every mutual fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. **Provided** that a mutual fund may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by the Board
 - Provided further that the Fund may enter into derivatives transactions for hedging and portfolio balancing in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI.
- A scheme may invest in another scheme, under the same AMC or any other mutual fund provided
 that the aggregate inter-scheme investments made by all schemes under the same AMC or any
 other mutual fund shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Fund or any other limit as prescribed
 by the Regulations from time to time. The AMC is not permitted by the Regulations to charge any
 investment management and advisory services fee on such investments.
- Pending deployment of the corpus of the Scheme in securities in terms of investment objective, the Fund can invest the corpus of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as per the guidelines given clause 12.16 and 4.5 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023. The AMC

- shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in such short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks for the scheme.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in: a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or b) any security issued by way of private placement by any associate or group company of the Sponsor; or c) the listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor in excess of 25% of its net assets.
- The Scheme shall not invest in any Fund of Funds Scheme.
- Investments of the Scheme, together with the investments of other schemes of the Fund in share capital of any company shall not exceed 10% of that company's paid-up capital carrying voting rights. For the purpose of determining the above limit, gross long position, which will be a combination of positions of the underlying securities and stock derivatives, will be considered.
- The Scheme shall only invest in equity shares and equity related instruments provided such securities are listed or to be listed;
- Wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature, the securities shall be purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund, on account of the Scheme concerned.

Investment restrictions relating to investment in debt and money market instruments;

- As per 12.8 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023, a mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:
 - a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
 - b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
 - c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.
 - The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.
- The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except (a) Government Securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging. Provided further, the Scheme may invest in unlisted nonconvertible debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis. Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the Board.

Provided further that, investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund scheme shall be subject to the following:

a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.

- b. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
- c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of trustees.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund, shall be allowed only if:
 - (a) such transfers are made at the prevailing market price for quoted Securities on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by Stock Exchange for spot transactions.
 - (b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made and
 - (c) the Transfer is in conformity with additional safeguards as prescribed by clause 12.30 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023.
- Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1 A of Seventh Schedule to the Regulations.
- No term loans for any purpose may be advanced by the Fund and the Fund shall not borrow
 except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Scheme for the purpose of repurchase,
 redemption of Units or payment of interest or IDCWs to Unit Holders, provided that the Fund
 shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme and the duration of such a
 borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months.

Investment restrictions relating to derivative investments:

In accordance with SEBI circulars dated September 14, 2005, January 20, 2006, September 22, 2006 and August 18, 2010, the following conditions shall apply to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market. Please note that the investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the derivatives market will be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Trustees (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts

The position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts shall be as follows:

- a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
- ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts

The position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts shall be as follows:

- a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging for the Mutual Fund

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures and long calls) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts

The position limit for the Mutual Fund in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts shall be as follows:

- a. For stocks having applicable market-wise position limit (MWPL) of Rs. 500 crores or more, the combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of applicable MWPL or Rs. 300 crores, whichever is lower and within which stock futures position cannot exceed 10% of applicable MWPL or Rs. 150 crores, whichever is lower.
- b. For stocks having applicable market-wise position limit (MWPL) less than Rs. 500 crores, the combined futures and options position limit would be 20% of applicable MWPL and futures position cannot exceed 20% of applicable MWPL or Rs. 50 crores whichever is lower.

v. Position limit for the Scheme

The position limit/disclosure requirements for the Scheme shall be as follows:

a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of the Scheme shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)
Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

b. For index based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a stock exchange.

- vi. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions will not exceed 100% of the net assets of a Scheme.
- vii. A Scheme cannot write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
- viii. In case a Scheme invests in options, the option premium shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of a Fund.
- ix. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days will not be treated as creating any exposure.
- x. Derivatives positions for hedging purposes will not be included in the aforesaid limits subject to compliance with the requirements mentioned in SEBI Regulations.
- xi. A Scheme may enter in to plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes with a counter party which is recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases will not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by a Scheme.
- xii. In case of interest rate swaps, the exposure to a single counterparty shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of a Scheme.
- xiii. The exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limit mentioned in point (vi).
- xiv. The Scheme shall not invest:
- (i) more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REITs and InvITs; and
- (ii) more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REITs and InvITs issued by a single issuer.
- The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:
- Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- O Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.
 - For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of the Regulations and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates Investment limits as mentioned in paragraph above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- The AMC shall adhere to the following limits should it engage in Stock Lending:
- 1. Not more than 25% of the net assets of the Scheme can be deployed in Stock Lending.
- 2. Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary, i.e the limit of 5% will be at broker level.
 - The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent out securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity

The AMC / Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI (MF)Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective. The AMC/Trustee may from time to time alter these restrictions in conformity with the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Further, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Fund may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis restricting/ limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc. All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment

Investment by AMC

The AMC reserves the right to invest its own funds in the Scheme as may be decided by the AMC from time to time and in accordance with clause 6.11 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023 regarding minimum number of investors in the Scheme/ Plan. Under the Regulations, the AMC is not permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees.

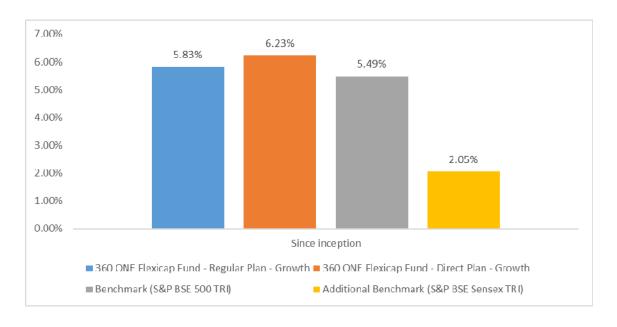
In accordance with Securities and Exchange Board Of India (Mutual Funds) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2021, the AMC shall invest such amount in the scheme, based on the risk associated with the scheme. As specified in the clause 6.9 of SEBI master Circular dated May 19, 2023, based on the risk profile of the Scheme, the AMC is required to invest not less than 0.13 percent of the AUM of the scheme. Such investment shall be maintained at all times and shall not be redeemed unless the scheme is wound up.

J. SCHEME PERFORMANCE:

360 ONE Flexicap Fund

Compounded	Scheme Return-		Benchmark Return	Additional
Annual Return	Regular Plan		%	Benchmark
Returns since inception CAGR	5.83%	6.23%	5.49%	2.05%

As on September 30, 2023



Disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular Dated March 18, 2016:

Top 10 Holdings (by issuer) of the Scheme as on September 30, 2023:

Name of the issuer	% of Holding
HDFC Bank Limited	7.60%
ICICI Bank Limited	7.23%
Axis Bank Limited	5.52%
Infosys Limited	4.74%
Tata Motors Limited	4.62%
Bharti Airtel Limited	3.88%
Larsen & Toubro Limited	3.62%
Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Company Ltd	3.01%
NTPC Limited	2.86%
Dixon Technologies (India) Limited	2.70%

The complete portfolio of the scheme on monthly basis is updated at http://www.iiflmf.com/Downloads/MandatoryDisclosures/MonthlyPortfolio.aspx

Allocation of the scheme towards its various Sectors:

Sectors	% of holding
Financial Services	31.77
Capital Goods	13.59
Information Technology	12.54
Automobile and Auto Components	8.89
Telecommunication	6.18
Consumer Services	4.59

Consumer Durables	4.01
Healthcare	3.99
Construction	3.62
Power	2.86
Fast Moving Consumer Goods	2.13
Services	1.80
Chemicals	1.35

Schemes Portfolio turnover ratio: - times

Aggregate investment in the scheme under the following categories

Sr.	Category	Total amount invested as on September
no.		30, 2023 (amount in Rupees crore)
1.	AMC's Board of Directors	5.322
2.	Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s) and	0.006
3.	Other key managerial personnel	0.012

III. UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO):

This section does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the scheme has commenced after the NFO, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.

B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Ongoing Offer Period	The Scheme is open ended and units are available for sale and
This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscription/redemption after the closure of the NFO period.	repurchase on all business days at the applicable Net Asset Value.
Ongoing Price for subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.	At Applicable NAV The NAV will be calculated by rounding up to four decimal places for the Scheme. Assumed NAV Rs. 11.00 per unit. Entry Load: NIL. Purchase Price = NAV + (Entry Load (%) * NAV) Purchase Price = 11 + (0% * 11) Purchase Price = 11 + 0 Purchase Price = Rs. 11/- The first NAV of the respective Plan(s) as declared by the AMC will be the base price / open price of listing on the stock exchange(s).
Ongoing Price for redemption (sale)/switch out (to other schemes /plans of the mutual fund) by investors.	The Redemption Price / Switch out price of the Units is the price at which a Unit Holder can redeem Units of a scheme. It will be calculated as described below:
Computation of load	Assumed NAV Rs. 11.00 per unit. Exit Load: 1% Sale Price = NAV – (exit load (%) * NAV) Sale Price = 11 – (1%*11) Sale Price = Rs.10.89 Redemption Price will be calculated up to four decimal places for the Scheme. If the Scheme has no Exit Load, the Redemption Price will be equal to the Applicable NAV. Investors may note that the AMC has a right to modify the existing Load structure in any manner or introduce/ change Exit Load or a combination of Exit Load and / or any other Load subject to a maximum as prescribed under the Regulations and

with prospective effect only.

The Mutual Fund will offer that the redemption price is not lower than 95% of the applicable NAV.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions / switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance

The Cut-off time for the Scheme is 3.00 pm and the Applicable NAV will be as under:

Applicable NAV for Subscriptions / Switch-ins (irrespective of application amount):

- 1. In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the official point(s) of acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch ins) as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme before the cut-off time i.e., available for utilization before the cut-off time the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.
- 2.In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day at the official point(s) of acceptance and funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch ins) as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e., available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.
- 3.Irrespective of the time of receipt of application at the official point(s) of acceptance, where funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day i.e., available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent Business Day the closing NAV of such subsequent Business Day shall be applicable.
- The aforesaid provisions shall also apply to systematic transactions i.e., Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP).

For determining the applicable NAV for allotment of units in respect of purchase / switch-in to the Schemes, the following shall be ensured:

- i. Application / switch-in request is received before the applicable cut-off time.
- ii. Funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application / switch-in request are credited to the bank account of the respective Scheme(s) before the cut-off time.
- iii. The funds are available for utilization before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective Scheme(s).
- iv. In case of switch transactions from one scheme to another scheme, the allocation shall be in line with the redemption payout.

For Redemption/ Switch out:

In respect of valid applications accepted at an Official Point of Acceptance upto 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day, the closing NAV of

the same day will be applicable; and in respect of valid applications accepted at an Official Point of Acceptance after 3.00 p.m., the closing NAV of the next Business Day will be applicable.

Plans / Options offered

Plans

Regular Plan and Direct Plan

The Total expenses under the Direct Plan will be comparatively lower to Total expenses under Regular Plan, due to no distribution expenses and distributor commission;

Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form.

The Regular Plan and Direct Plan including all options there under will have a common portfolio of investments.

Uniform disclosure on treatment of applications under "Direct", "Regular" Plans:

Regular Platis.		
		Default Plan
Broker Code mentioned	Plan mentioned by	to be
by the investor	the investor	captured
Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
Mentioned	Regular	Regular
		Plan
Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular
		Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

Options

The Scheme has the following Options under each of the above plans.

Growth Option: This option is suitable for investors who are not

looking for current income but who invest only with the intention of capital appreciation.

Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal: This option is suitable for investors seeking income through IDCW declared by the Scheme.

Facilities:

The Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal has the following Facilities:

Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Reinvestment) Facility, Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Payout)Facility

Default Option/Frequency:

If investor does not indicate the choice of Option in the Application form, the fund accepts the application as being for the Growth Option.

If the investor chooses Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal and fails to mention facility / frequency, then the default facility will be Reinvestment

IDCW Policy

Growth Option:

Under the Growth option, there will be no distribution of income and the return to investors will be only by way of capital gains, if any, through redemption at applicable NAV of Units held by them

Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal:

Under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal, the IDCW will be declared subject to the availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations. The actual declaration of IDCW and the frequency of distribution will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustees. The IDCW would be paid to the Unitholders whose names appear in the Register of Unitholders as on the record date. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unitholders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW would be paid regularly. If the Scheme declares IDCW, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of IDCW and IDCW distribution tax (if applicable) paid. All the IDCW payments shall be in accordance and compliance with SEBI Regulations, as applicable from time to time.

IDCW will be paid on the number of units held by the unit holder on the record date as per the records of CAMS (the Registrar) and /or as per the records maintained by depositories. The record date shall be announced in advance.

The IDCW shall be transferred to the Unit holders within 7

working days of the record date for declaration of IDCW. In the event of failure of transferred of IDCW within the stipulated 7 working day period the AMC will pay a penalty interest rate of 15% per annum calculated from the record date.

- The IDCW will be paid by warrant and payments will be made in favour of the Unit holder (registered holder of the Units or, if there is more than one registered holder, only to the first registered holder) with bank account number furnished to the Mutual Fund (please note that it is mandatory for the Unit holders to provide the Bank account details as per the directives of SEBI).
- Further, the IDCW proceeds may be paid by way of ECS /EFT / NEFT / RTGS / any other manner through which the investor's bank account specified in the Registrar & Transfer Agent's records is credited with the IDCW proceeds as per the instructions of the Unit holders.

In case the IDCW amount is less than 500 rupees then it will be compulsorily reinvested.

Allotment

All applicants whose amount is received towards Purchase of Units have been realized will receive full and firm allotment of Units, provided the Application Forms are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. The AMC/Trustee retains the sole and absolute discretion to reject any Application Form.

The said discretion shall be used by the AMC/Trustee in various scenarios like receiving money from Third party or dubious sources or from clients of high risk jurisdictions.

The process of allotment of Units reflecting the allotments will be completed within 5 Business Days from the date of closure of the NFO Period.

The investors will receive confirmation specifying the number of Units allotted by way of electronic mail and/or SMS to the investor's registered e-mail address and/or mobile number as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of receipt of the application.

In case of investors opting to hold the Units in physical mode, an account statement will be sent by ordinary post/courier/secured encrypted electronic mail to each Unit Holder, stating the number of Units purchased, not later than 5 Business Days (or such number of days as may be permitted under the SEBI (MF) Regulations) from the date of allotment.

In case of investors opting to hold the Units in dematerialized form, an account statement could be obtained from the

Who can invest

This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the Scheme is suitable to your risk profile.

Depository Participants.

The following persons (subject, wherever relevant, to purchase of units being permitted under their respective constitution and relevant state regulations) are eligible to subscribe to units:

- Resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on anyone or Survivor basis;
- Minor (as the first and the sole holder only) through a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother, as the case may be) or a court appointed legal guardian. There shall not be any joint holding with minor investments;
- Proprietorship in the name of Sole Proprietor;
- Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF);
- Partnership Firms including Limited Liability Partnership;
- Companies/Domestic Corporate Bodies/Societies/Association of Persons/Body of individuals/Clubs/Public Sector Undertakings registered in India if authorized and permitted to under applicable laws and regulations;
- Charitable or Religious Trusts authorized to invest in units of Mutual Funds;
- Mutual Funds registered with SEBI;
- Banks (including co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks),
 Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions incorporated in or the Indian branches of banks incorporated outside India;
- Non-Resident Indians (NRIs), Persons of Indian Origin (PIO) residing abroad on full repatriation basis and on nonrepatriation basis;
- Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) registered with SEBI;
- Wakf Boards or endowments and Registered Societies (including registered co-operative societies) and private trusts authorized to invest in units;
- Army/Air Force/Navy/Para-military funds and other eligible institutions;
- Scientific and/or Industrial Research Organizations;
- Multilateral Funding Agencies or Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / Reserve Bank of India:
- Other schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations; Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme;
- Provident/Pension/Gratuity/Superannuation and such other retirement and employee benefit and other similar funds;
- Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies, etc. authorized to

invest in the units;

• Such other person as maybe decided by the AMC from time to time. This list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list.

Note: Minor Unit Holders, on becoming major, may inform the Registrar about attaining majority, and provide his specimen signature duly authenticated by his parent/ guardian, whose signature is registered in the records of the mutual fund/RTA (against the folio of minor unitholder) and if the parent/ guardian is unavailable or unable to attest, then by the banker as well as his details of bank account, a certified true copy of the PAN card and other documents, to enable the Registrar to update his records and allow them to operate the account in his own right.

All cheques and bank drafts accompanying the application form should contain the application form number on its reverse. It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be liable to be rejected.

Who cannot Invest

- Any individual who is a foreign national or any other entity that is not an Indian resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA) except where registered with SEBI as a FPI or otherwise explicitly permitted under FEMA Act/by RBI/by any other applicable authority.
- Pursuant to RBI A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds.
- NRIs residing in Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs) as determined by the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), from time to time.
- A person who falls within the definition of the term "U.S. Person" under the Securities Act of 1933 of the United States, and corporations or other entities organised under the laws of the U.S. are not eligible to invest in the schemes and apply for subscription to the units of the schemes, except for lump sum subscription and switch transactions requests received from Non-resident Indians/Persons of Indian origin who at the time of such investment, are present in India and submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by 360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited) from time to time. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and

such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests on hold/reject the transaction request/reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions notified in this regard.

- A person who is resident of Canada
- Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time.

Listing and Transfer of units

The Scheme is open ended and the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Mutual Fund may, at its sole discretion, list the Units on one or more Stock Exchanges at a later date, and thereupon the Mutual Fund will make suitable public announcement to that effect.

The Mutual Fund will offer and redeem Units on a continuous basis during the Continuous Offer Period. The Unit holders are given an option to hold the Units by way of an Account Statement (physical form) or in Dematerialized (demat form). Units held in Demat form are transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and subject to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996, as may be amended from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP.

For units held in paper form, normally, units are not certified. However, if an applicant so desires to transfer units, the AMC, upon submission of documents which will be prescribed from time to time, shall certify the units and issue a fresh statement/certificate to the extent of certified units to the investor within 5 business days of the receipt of request. If the investor intend to transfer units, it could be done to the extent of certified units mandatorily using the statement/certificate issued post certification of units. Certificate/ statement issued post certifying of units must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for Transfer / Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. AMC

	reserves the right to accept the request for certification of units The AMC reserves the right to reject the application for transfer, post acceptance of the same, if any of the requisite documents / declarations are unavailable or incomplete.
	However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.
Where can the applications for	Investors can submit the application forms at AMC, ISCs, and such
subscription/ redemption/	other collection centers as designated by the AMC where the
switches be submitted?	applications shall be received. The names and addresses of the Designated Collection Centers are mentioned at the end of the SID and in the Application Form. Investors can also subscribe/redeem units using exchange infrastructure in demat mode through MFSS and BSE StAR MF platform. The Mutual Fund also offers Online Transaction facility on its Website viz. www.iiflmf.com for transacting in the Units of the Mutual Fund.
Minimum Amount for purchase	First time Purchase – INR 1000/- and in multiples of INR 1/-
/redemption / switches in an	thereafter
Option of the Scheme	Additional Purchase – INR 1000/- and in multiples of INR 1/- thereafter
	Redemption The minimum amount for redemption must be Rs. 1000/- or account balance whichever is less. Investor may note that upon the processing of redemption/switch out request, if the account balance in the scheme is less than Rs. 1000/- then the same will be redeemed/switched out along with the said request. Switches
	The minimum amount in case of inter/ intra scheme (inter plan/inter option) switches shall be the minimum amount required in the respective transferee scheme/plan.
	In accordance with Clause 6.10 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023 (Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes), the above provision will not be applicable for investments made in scheme
Minimum balance to be	There is no requirement to maintain a minimum balance.
maintained in an Option	
Special products available	The Special Products/ facilities available during the ongoing offer are:

- Systematic investment Plan
- Systematic Transfer Plan
- Systematic withdrawal plan
- Transactions through Stock Exchange Infrastructure
- Switch Transactions by Fax
- Transactions through Electronic Mode

Please see the relevant sections on SIP, STP and SWP as mentioned in the document:

- Application through Stock Exchange Infrastructure (MFSS/BSE StAR MF Platform: The facility enables an applicant to purchase/ redeem units through the Stock Exchange Infrastructure. Switching of units is currently not permitted under this facility. For this purpose, BSE has introduced the 'BSE StAR MF Platform' and NSE has introduced 'Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS)'. The investors should note that the units of the scheme are not listed on the stock exchange and the same cannot be traded on the stock exchanges. All trading members of the BSE and NSE who are registered with AMFI as Mutual Fund Advisors and are empanelled with the AMC and also registered with BSE & NSE as Participants (Brokers) will be eligible to offer this facility to investors.
- Such brokers shall be considered as Official Points of Acceptance of the Fund. The facility of transacting in mutual fund schemes through stock exchange infrastructure is available subject to such limits, operating guidelines, terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the respective Stock Exchanges from time to time. Further, in terms of Clause 16.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, investors will be able to transact in Units of the Scheme through clearing members of the registered Stock Exchanges and redeem units held in demat form through the Depository Participants of registered Depositories. For further details on this facility, please refer the section on 'Facility to purchase/ redeem units of the Scheme through Stock Exchange Mechanism' in the SAI.
- AMC has enabled facility to transact online in units of the schemes including by way of Lumpsum Purchase/ Redemption / Switch of Units by electronic mode through website www.iiflmf.com redirecting to www.camsonline.com. The subscription proceeds, when invested through this mode, are by way of debits to the designated bank through payment gateway. The Redemption proceeds, (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) through this mode, will be credited to the

designated/registered bank account of the investors. The uniform cut off time as prescribed under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and as mentioned in SID and KIM of the scheme, will be applicable for transactions received through the above electronic platform and the time of receipt of transaction recorded on the server(s) of Computer Age Management Services Limited(Registrar and Transfer Agent) will be reckoned as the time for the purpose of determining applicability of NAV, subject to credit of funds to bank account of scheme, wherever applicable.. For details / terms and conditions, investors are advised to refer to the SAI. **Dematerialization of Units** The applicants intending to hold Units in dematerialized mode will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the Application Form details of the Depository Participant's name, Depository Participant ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant held with the Depository Participant at the time of application of the Units. The Account Statement will be sent to those Unit Holders who have opted to hold Units in physical (non-dematerialized) form. However, if the Unit Holder so desires to hold the Units in dematerialized form at a later date, he will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of the NSDL/CDSL and will have to submit the account statement alongwith the prescribed request form to any of the ISCs for conversion of Units into demat form. The AMC will issue the Units in dematerialized form to the Unit holder within two Business Days from the date of receipt of such request. Units held in demat from are freely transferable Rematerialisation of Units Rematerialization of Units can be carried out in accordance with provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time. The process for rematerialisation of Units will be as follows: Unit Holders/investors should submit a request to their respective Depository Participant for rematerialisation of Units in their beneficiary accounts. • Subject to availability of sufficient balance in the Unit Holder /investor's account, the Depository Participant will generate a Rematerialisation Request Number and the request will be despatched to the AMC/Registrar. • On acceptance of request from the Depository Participant received by AMC, the AMC/Registrar will dispatch the account statement to the investor and will also send electronic confirmation to the Depository Participant

The above shall be subject to SEBI Regulations and the guidelines

	issued by NSE, BSE, CDSL and NSDL in this regard, as applicable and as amended from time to time.
Switching	Inter-Scheme Switch The Transaction Slip can be used by investors to make inter- Scheme switches within the Fund. All valid applications for switch- out shall be treated as Redemption and for switch-in as Purchases with the respective Applicable NAVs of the Scheme / option.
	Intra- Scheme Switch Investors can switch between different options under the scheme at the Applicable NAV. All valid applications for switch-out shall be treated as Redemption and for switch-in as Purchases with the respective Applicable NAVs of the option. However, the AMC may change the Loads prospectively as indicated in the paragraph or Load Structure of the Scheme in this SID. Note: For tax implications on switching, please refer to SAI under Chapter Tax & Legal & General Information.
How to Apply	Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.
Process for investments made in the name of Minor through a Guardian	As per Clause 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2023, the following Process for Investments in the name of a Minor through a Guardian will be applicable: a. Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parents or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed. Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities. b. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. c. AMCs shall build a system control at the account set up stage of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) and Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) on the basis of which, the standing instruction is suspended when the minor attains majority, till the status is changed to major. Please refer SAI for detailed process on investments made in the name of a Minor through a Guardian and Transmission of

Redemption Process

As per Clause 14.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, the redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred to the unitholders not later than 3 working days from the date of redemption or repurchase, once the scheme opens for the same. The Unit Holder has the option to request for Redemption either in amount in rupees or in number of Units. Units purchased by cheque may not be redeemed until after realization of the cheque. In case the investor mentions the number of Units as well as the amount, then the amount will be considered for processing the Redemption request. In case the investor mentions the number of units or the amount in words and figures, then the value in words will be taken for processing the Redemption request. If the redemption request amount exceeds the balance lying to the credit of the Unitholder's said account, then the fund shall redeem the entire amount lying to the credit of the Unitholder's account in that Scheme/Option.

If an investor has purchased Units on more than one Business Day, the Units purchased prior in time (i.e. those Units which have been held for the longest period of time), are deemed to have been redeemed first, i.e. on a First In First Out Basis.

Where Units under a Scheme are held under both Regular and Direct Plan and the redemption / Switch request pertains to the Direct Plan, the same must clearly be mentioned on the request (along with the folio number), failing which the request would be processed from the Regular Plan. However, where Units under the requested Option are held only under one Plan, the request would be processed under such Plan

a. Redemption through physical applications:

A Transaction Slip or Common Transaction Form (CTF) can be used by the Unit Holder to request for Redemption. The requisite details should be entered in the Transaction Slip or CTF and submitted at an ISC. Transaction Slips or the CTF can be obtained from any of the ISCs.

Payment of Proceeds Resident Investors:

Redemption proceeds will be paid to the investor by way of transfer to bank account as available on the records of the Registrar.

Physical despatch of redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be carried out only in exceptional circumstances as published by AMFI/ SEBI from time to time.

In case of physical dispatch, the bank name and bank account number, as specified in the Registrar's records, will be mentioned in the cheque/demand draft. The redemption proceeds will be sent by courier or (if the addressee city is not serviced by the courier) by registered post/UCP. The dispatch for the purpose of delivery through the courier / postal department, as the case may be, shall be treated as delivery to the investor. The AMC / Registrar are not responsible for any delayed delivery or non-delivery or any consequences thereof, if the dispatch has been made correctly as stated in this paragraph.

Note: The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment. The Redemption proceeds will be sent by courier or (if the addressee city is not serviced by the courier) by registered post. The dispatch for the purpose of delivery through the courier / postal department, as the case may be, shall be treated as delivery to the investor. The AMC / Registrar is not responsible for any delayed delivery or non-delivery or any consequences thereof, if the dispatch has been made correctly as stated in this paragraph.

Non-Resident Investors

For NRIs, Redemption proceeds will be remitted depending upon the source of investment as follows:

- (i) Repatriation Basis: When Units have been purchased through remittance in foreign exchange from abroad or by cheque / draft issued from proceeds of the Unit Holder's FCNR deposit or from funds held in the Unit Holder's Non Resident (External) account kept in India, the proceeds can be remitted to the Unit Holder in foreign currency (any exchange rate fluctuation will be borne by the Unit Holder). The proceeds can also be sent to his Indian address for crediting to his NRE / FCNR / Non-Resident (Ordinary) Account, if desired by the Unit Holder.
- (ii) Non Repatriation Basis: When Units have been purchased from funds held in the Unit Holder's Non-Resident (Ordinary) Account, the proceeds will be sent to the Unit Holder's Indian address for crediting to the Unit Holder's Non-Resident (Ordinary) account.

For FPIs, the designated branch of the authorised dealer may allow remittance of net sale / maturity proceeds (after payment of taxes) or credit the amount to the Foreign Currency account or Nonresident Rupee account of the FPI maintained in accordance with the approval granted to it by the RBI. The Fund will not be liable for any delays or for any loss on account of any exchange fluctuations while converting the Rupee amount in foreign exchange in the case of transactions with NRIs / FPIs.

The proceeds may be paid by way of direct credit through which the investor's bank account specified in the Registrar's records is credited with the Redemption proceeds. The Direct Credit facility is available for specific banks with whom AMC have a tie up from time to time. Investors need to check with the AMC for an updated list of the Direct Credit Banks. Investors having bank mandates where the AMC has a Direct Credit facility will receive redemption /

IDCW proceeds by way of Direct Credit only and not cheques.

The Fund may make other arrangements for effecting payment of Redemption proceeds in future.

Application through Stock Exchange Infrastructure (MFSS/ BSE StAR MF Platform):

Investors wishing to redeem their units held in demat mode in Scheme listed on MFSS and BSE StAR MF platform, can place their redemption request with the AMFI Certified Stock Exchange Brokers by providing Depository Instruction Slip with redemption details. The AMFI Certified Stock Exchange Broker will place the redemption order in the system and will provide a confirmation slip to the investor. The redemption proceeds will be directly credited to the investor's bank account, as per the bank account details recorded with the Depository Participant.

Application through Mutual Fund Website:

AMC has enabled facility to transact online in units of the schemes including by way of Redemption of Units by electronic mode through website www.iiflmf.com. The Redemption proceeds, (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) through this mode, will be credited to the designated/registered bank account of the investors.

Application through MF Utility:

All financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to Schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund can be done through MFU either electronically on www.mfuonline.com as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through the authorized Points of Service ("POS") of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the POS locations. The list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com as may be updated from time to time. The Online Transaction Portal of MFU i.e. www.mfuonline.com and the POS locations of MFUI will be in addition to the existing Official Points of Acceptance ("OPA") of the AMC.

The uniform cut-off time as prescribed by SEBI and as mentioned in the SID / KIM of respective schemes shall be applicable for applications received the MFUI on portal of www.mfuonline.com. However, investors should note that transactions on the MFUI portal shall be subject to the eligibility of the investors, any terms & conditions as stipulated by MFUI Mutual Fund/ the AMC from time to time and any law for the time being in force. Investors are requested to note that, MFUI will allot a Common Account Number ("CAN"), a single reference number for all investments in the Mutual Fund industry, for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to

map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the MFUI POS. The AMC and / or its Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors / distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the websites of MFUI or the AMC to download the relevant forms.

Redemption by investors who hold Units in dematerialized form:

Redemption request for Units held in demat mode shall not be accepted at the offices of the Mutual Fund/AMC/Registrar. Unit holders shall submit such request only through their respective Depository Participant or through stock exchange platforms.

Delay in payment of redemption/repurchase proceeds

As per Clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023,, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate of 15% per annum and the interest shall be borne by the AMC

Unclaimed Redemption/Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) Amount

In accordance with Clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, , the unclaimed Redemption amount and IDCW amount that are currently allowed to be deployed by the Mutual Fund only in call money market or money market Instruments, shall also be allowed to be invested in a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts.

Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per Clause 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023.

AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower. Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. AMC shall play a proactive role in tracing the rightful owner of the unclaimed amounts considering the steps suggested by

	regulator vide the referred circular.
Account Statements	An applicant whose application has been accepted shall have the option of holding the units either in physical form or in dematerialised form. Units in Physical mode:
	Investors opting to subscribe to / hold units in physical form, whether by way of a normal purchase or SIP / STP, will be sent, (i) by way of an e-mail and/or an SMS to their registered e-mail address and or mobile number, an allotment confirmation, as soon as possible but not later than 5 Business Days from the date of acceptance of the request for subscription, and (ii) a CAS, as mentioned in 'Consolidated Account Statement (CAS)' below. Units in Demat Mode — For investors who hold Units in dematerialized form, a demat statement shall be provided by the DP in such form and in such manner and at such time as provided in the agreement with the beneficial owner.
Consolidated Account	Pursuant to sub regulation (1), (2) and (4) of Regulation 36
Statement (CAS)	of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 read with Clause of 5.4, 14.4, 5.8, 5.9, 5.12, 5.18 and 10.1 of SEBI Master circulars dated May 19, 2023. investors are requested to note the following regarding dispatch of account statements: On acceptance of an application for subscription or allotment of units (including by way of SIP, STP, switch units), an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted will be sent by way of an email and/or an SMS, within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of the application, to the Unit holder's registered e-mail address and/or mobile number.
	 Thereafter, the Unit Holder will be sent, on or before the 15th of the immediately succeeding month, by way of a mail / an e-mail, a CAS, containing the details of the transactions mentioned above as well as details of all other transactions effected by the Unit holder across schemes of all mutual funds during the preceding month, including his/her/its holdings at the end of the said month and details of transaction charges paid to distributors, as applicable. Investors may note that CAS will be issued on a monthly basis to all investors in whose folios transactions have taken place during the month concerned.
	 For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their PAN.
	 For those investors / unit holders who have provided an e-mail address, CAS will be sent by way of an e-mail. In case of a specific request received from a Unit holder for a

- separate account statement, the AMC/Fund will provide such an account statement to the Unit Holder concerned, within 5 Business Days from the receipt of the request.
- In the event of inability to send CAS, for any reason whatsoever, or on receipt of specific requests from unit holders/investors, the AMC will send separate account statements.
- In the event of a folio having more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder will receive the CAS / account statement.
- For folio(s) that are not updated with PAN details, it will not be possible to e-mail / mail CAS to the Unit holders concerned. It is therefore in the interest of Unit holders to ensure that their folios are updated with their PAN details.
- The Consolidated Account Statement issued is a statement containing details relating to all financial transactions made by an investor across all mutual funds viz. purchase, redemption, switch, Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Payout), Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Reinvestment), systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan, bonus etc. (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month. The CAS shall also provide the total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme.
- Consolidated account statement shall be issued every half yearly (September/March), on or before 21st day of succeeding month, providing the following information: -
- holding at the end of the six months
- The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme.
- Further, a mention may be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude costs incurred by distributors such as Goods and Service Tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period.

- Investors having MF investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a single Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) from the Depository.
- Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis.
- If there is any transaction in any of the Demat accounts of the investor or in any of his mutual fund folios, depositories shall send the CAS within fifteen days from the month end. In case, there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios and demat accounts then CAS with holding details shall be sent to the investor on half yearly basis.
- In case of multiple holding, it shall be the PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. Based on the PANs provided by the AMCs/MF-RTAs, the Depositories shall match their PAN database to determine the common PANs and allocate the PANs among themselves for the purpose of sending CAS. For PANs which are common between depositories and AMCs, the Depositories shall send the CAS. In case investors have multiple accounts across the two depositories, the depository having the demat account which has been opened earlier shall be the default depository which will consolidate details across depositories and MF investments and dispatch the CAS to the investor. However, option shall be given to the demat account holder by the default depository to choose the depository through which the investor wishes to receive the CAS. In case of demat accounts with nil balance and no transactions in securities and in mutual fund folios, the depository shall send the account statement to the investor as specified under the regulations applicable to the depositories
- The dispatch of CAS by the depositories would constitute compliance by the AMC/ the Fund with the requirement under Regulation 36(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.
 However, the AMC reserves the right to furnish the account statement in addition to the CAS, if deemed fit in the interest of investor(s).

IDCW

As per Clause 11.4 of SEBI Master Circular No. dated May 19, 2023, the IDCW shall be transfer to the Unitholders within 7 working days of the date of declaration of the IDCW.

IDCW may also be paid to the Unitholder in any other manner viz., through ECS, Direct Credit or NEFT in to Bank account, RTGS facility offered RBI or through Banker's cheque, etc as the AMC may decide, from time to time for the smooth and efficient

	functioning of the Scheme.
	Please note that it is mandatory for the unitholders to provide the
	bank account details as per SEBI guidelines.
The policy regarding reissue of	Not applicable.
repurchased units, including the	
maximum extent, the manner of	
reissue, the entity (the scheme	
or the AMC) involved in the	
same.	
Applicability of Stamp Duty on	Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 4419(E) dated December 10, 2019
Mutual Fund Transactions	notification no. G.S.R. 19 (E) dated the January 8, 2020, Notification
	No. G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department o
	Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part
	of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued b
	Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government o
	India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the
	transaction value would be levied on mutual fund transaction
	including switches(excluding redemptions), with effect from July 01
	2020. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of
	units allotted on purchase transactions (including Reinvestment o
	Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW Reinvestment)
	to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent. Further eligible
	transfer of dematerialised units will attract a stamp duty @0.015%.
Right to Limit Fresh Subscription	The Trustees reserve the right to stop fresh subscription of units.
	The Trustees reserve the right at its sole discretion to
	withdraw/suspend the subscription of units in the Scheme
	temporarily or indefinitely, at the time of NFO or otherwise, if it is
	viewed that increasing the size of the Scheme may prove
	detrimental to the Unit holders of the Scheme. An order to
	purchase the Units is not binding on and may be rejected by the
	AMC unless it has been confirmed in writing by the AMC.
Restrictions, if any, on the right	Suspension of Sale and Redemption of Units:
to freely retain or dispose of	Suspension of Sale and Redemption of Units Suspension or
units being offered.	restriction of repurchase/ redemption facility under any scheme of
	the mutual fund shall be made applicable only after obtaining the
	approval from the Boards of Directors of the AMC and the
	Trustees.
	Additionally, the following requirements shall need to be observed
	before imposing restriction on redemptions:
	a) Restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances
	a) hestiliction may be imposed when there are circumstances

leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:

- i. Liquidity issues when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
- ii. Market failures, exchange closures when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
- iii. Operational issues when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems.
- b) Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period.
- c) Any imposition of restriction would require specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustees and the same should be informed to SEBI immediately.
- d) When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:
- 1. No redemption requests up to INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.
- 2. Where redemption requests are above INR 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first INR 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.

Bank Account Details

As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications for purchase or redemption of Units. If the Unit-holder fails to provide the Bank mandate, the request for redemption would be considered as not valid and the Fund retains the right to withhold the redemption until a proper bank mandate is furnished by the Unit-holder and the provision with respect of penal interest in such cases will not be applicable/ entertained.

Multiple Bank Account Registrations:

In compliance with AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular No.17/2010-11 dated October 22, 2010, 360 ONE Mutual Fund offers its investors the facility to register multiple bank accounts in their folios to receive redemption / IDCW proceeds.

Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio: An Investor can register with the Fund, upto 5 bank accounts in case of individuals and HUFs and upto 10 in other cases. Registering of Multiple Bank Accounts will enable the Fund to systematically validate the paying of funds and avoid acceptance of third party payments. For the purpose of registration of bank account(s), Investor should submit Bank Mandate Registration Form (available at the CSCs/ AMC Website) together with any of the following documents:

- a. Cancelled original cheque leaf in respect of bank account to be registered where the account number and names of the account holders are printed on the face of the cheque; or
- b. Bank statement or copy of Bank Pass Book page with the Investor's Bank Account number, name and address.;
- c. Bank letter / certificate on its letter head certifying the account holder's name, account number and branch address [Such letter / certification should be certified by the Bank Manager with his / her full name, signature, employee code.]

The above documents will also be required for change in bank account mandate submitted by the Investor. The AMC will register the Bank Account only after verifying that the sole/ first joint holder is the holder / one of the joint holders of the bank account. In case if a copy of the above documents is submitted, Investor shall submit the original to the AMC/ Service Centre for verification and the same shall be returned. In case of Multiple Registered Bank Account, Investor may choose one of the registered bank accounts for the credit of redemption/ IDCW proceeds (being "Pay-out bank account"). Investor may however, specify any other registered bank accounts for credit of redemption proceeds at the time of requesting for the redemption. Investor may change such Pay-out Bank account, as necessary, through written instructions. However, if request for redemption is received together with a change of bank account (unregistered new bank account) or before verification and validation of new bank account, the redemption request would be processed to the currently registered default old bank account. For further details please refer to paragraph on 'Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts in respect of an Investor Folio' in the SAI

Discontinuation of Change of Bank Account Mandate along with redemption/IDCW proceeds facility:

Discontinuation of Change of Bank Account Mandate along with redemption/IDCW proceeds facility. In compliance with AMFI Best Practice Guidelines Circular No.17/2010-11 dated October 22,

2010, consequent to introduction of "Multiple Bank Accounts Facility," the existing facility of redemption/ IDCW proceeds with change of bank mandate is discontinued by the Fund w.e.f. November 15, 2010. New bank accounts can only be registered using the designated "Multiple Bank Account Registration Form". Further please note the following important points in this regard:

- (i) Proceeds of any redemption/IDCW will be sent only to a bank account that is already registered and validated in the folio at the time of redemption transaction processing.
- (ii) Unit holder(s) may choose to mention any of the existing registered bank accounts with redemption/ IDCW payment request for receiving redemption/IDCW proceeds. If no registered bank account is mentioned, default bank account will be used.
- (iii) If unit holder(s) provide a new and unregistered bank mandate or change of bank mandate request with a specific redemption/IDCW payment request (with or without necessary supporting documents) such bank account may not be considered for payment of redemption/IDCW proceeds, or the Fund may withheld the payment for upto 10 calendar days to ensure validation of new bank mandate mentioned.

Valid change of bank mandate requests with supporting documents will be processed within 10 business days of necessary documents reaching the office of RTA and any financial transaction request received in the interim will be carried based on previous details only.

Cash Investments

Pursuant to Clause 16.7 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023, it is permitted to accept cash transactions to the extent of Rs. 50,000/- subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Rules framed there under and the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable AML rules, regulations and guidelines. Provided that the limit shall be applicable per investor for investments done in a financial year across all schemes of the Mutual Fund, subject to sufficient systems and procedures in place for such acceptance. However, any form of repayment either by way of redemption, IDCW, etc. with respect to such cash investment shall be paid only through banking channel.

The Asset Management Company is in process of implementing adequate systems and controls to accept Cash Investment in the Scheme. Information in this regard will be provided to Investors as and when the facility is made available.

Creation of Segregated Portfolio

In case of a credit event at issuer level and to deal with liquidity risk, the AMC may create a segregated portfolio of debt and money market instruments under the Scheme in compliance with the clause 4.4 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time.

In this regard, the term 'segregated portfolio' shall mean a portfolio comprising of debt or money market instrument affected by a credit event, that has been segregated in a mutual fund scheme, the term 'main portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio excluding the segregated portfolio and the term 'total portfolio' shall mean the scheme portfolio including the securities affected by the credit event.

The AMC may create a segregated portfolio in a mutual fund scheme in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:

- a. Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or
- b. Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or
- c. Similar such downgrades of a loan rating.

In case of difference in rating by multiple CRAs, the most conservative rating shall be considered. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events as detailed above and implemented at the ISIN level. Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the discretion of the AMC. The AMC shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of the credit event. Further, the AMC shall seek approval of the Trustees prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.

Creation of segregated portfolio of unrated debt or money market instruments by mutual fund schemes of an issuer that does not have any outstanding rated debt or money market instruments, subject to the following:

- a. Segregated portfolio of such unrated debt or money market instruments may be created only in case of actual default of either the interest or principal amount.
- b. Asset Management Companies are required to inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Upon being

informed about the default, AMFI shall immediately inform the same to all AMCs. Pursuant to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default by the issuer, 360 ONE AMC may segregate the portfolio.

Risks associated with segregated portfolio:

The unit holders may note that no redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in the segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange.

The risks associated in regard to the segregated portfolio are as follows:

- The investors holding units of the segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holdings till the time of recovery of money from the issuer.
- The security comprising the segregated portfolio may not realize any value.
- Listing of units of the segregated portfolio on a recognized stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units of the segregated portfolio on the stock exchange.
- The trading price of units on the stock exchange may be significantly lower than the prevailing Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio.

Process for Creation of Segregated Portfolio

- a) AMC shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of credit event/receipt of information about actual default of unrated debt or money market instruments (credit event), as per the process laid down below:
- i. The AMC shall seek approval of Trustees, prior to creation of the segregated portfolio.
- ii. The AMC shall immediately issue a press release disclosing its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact on the investors. It shall also be disclosed that the segregation shall be subject to trustee approval. Additionally, the said press release shall be prominently disclosed on the website of the AMC
- iii. The AMC shall ensure that till the time the trustee approval is received, which in no case shall exceed 1 business day from the

day of credit event, the subscription and redemption in the scheme shall be suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.

b) Once trustee approval is received by the AMC:

The segregated portfolio shall be effective from the day of credit event.

The AMC shall issue a press release immediately with all relevant information pertaining to the segregated portfolio. The said information shall also be submitted to SEBI

An e-mail or SMS shall be sent to all unit holders of the concerned scheme

The NAV of both segregated and main portfolio shall be disclosed from the day of the credit event

All existing investors in the scheme as on the day of the credit event shall be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio

No redemption and subscription shall be allowed in the segregated portfolio. However, in order to facilitate exit to unit holders in segregated portfolio, the AMC shall enable listing of units of segregated portfolio on the recognized stock exchange within 10 working days of creation of segregated portfolio and also enable transfer of such units on receipt of transfer requests

c) If the trustees do not approve the proposal to segregate portfolio, the AMC shall issue a press release immediately informing investors of the same.

Valuation and processing of subscriptions and redemptions:

- a) Notwithstanding the decision to segregate the debt and money market instrument, the valuation shall take into account the credit event and the portfolio shall be valued based on the principles of fair valuation (i.e. realizable value of the assets) in terms of the relevant provisions of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and Circular(s) issued thereunder.
- b) All subscription and redemption requests for which NAV of the day of credit event or subsequent day is applicable will be processed as per the existing circular on applicability of NAV as under:
- i. Upon trustees' approval to create a segregated portfolio:
- o Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the

units of segregated portfolio.

o Investors subscribing to the scheme will be allotted units only in the main portfolio based on its NAV.

ii. In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

Disclosures:

In order to enable the existing as well as the prospective investors to take informed decision, the following shall be adhered to:

a) A statement of holding indicating the units held by the investors in the segregated portfolio along with the NAV of both segregated portfolio and main portfolio as on the day of the credit event shall be communicated to the investors within 5 working days of creation of the segregated portfolio.

b)Adequate disclosure of the segregated portfolio shall appear in all scheme related documents, in monthly and half-yearly portfolio disclosures and in the annual report of the mutual fund and the scheme

- c) The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the segregated portfolio shall be declared on daily basis.
- d) The information regarding number of segregated portfolios created in a scheme shall appear prominently under the name of the scheme at all relevant places such as SID, KIM-cum-Application Form, advertisement, AMC and AMFI websites, etc
- e) The scheme performance required to be disclosed at various places shall include the impact of creation of segregated portfolio. The scheme performance should clearly reflect the fall in NAV to the extent of the portfolio segregated due to the credit event and the said fall in NAV along with recovery(ies), if any, shall be disclosed as a footnote to the scheme performance.
- f) The disclosures at paragraph (d) and (e) above regarding the segregated portfolio shall be carried out for a period of at least 3 years after the investments in segregated portfolio are fully recovered/ written-off
- g) The investors of the segregated portfolio shall be duly informed of the recovery proceedings of the investments of the segregated portfolio. Status update may be provided to the investors at the time of recovery and also at the time of writing-off of the segregated securities.

TER for the Segregated Portfolio:

- a) The AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio. However, TER (excluding the investment and advisory fees) can be charged, on a pro-rata basis only upon recovery of the investments in segregated portfolio
- b) The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence
- c) The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. However, the same shall be within the maximum TER limit as applicable to the main portfolio. The legal charges in excess of the TER limits, if any, shall be borne by the AMC
- d) The costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

Monitoring by Trustees:

- In order to ensure timely recovery of investments of the segregated portfolio, trustees shall ensure that:
- i. The AMC puts in sincere efforts to recover the investments of the segregated portfolio.
- ii. Upon recovery of money, whether partial or full, it shall be immediately distributed to the investors in proportion to their holding in the segregated portfolio. Any recovery of amount of the security in the segregated portfolio even after the write off shall be distributed to the investors of the segregated portfolio.
- iii. An Action Taken Report (ATR) on the efforts made by the AMC to recover the investments of the segregated portfolio is placed in every trustee meeting till the investments are fully recovered/written-off.
- iv. The Trustees shall monitor the compliance of SEBI requirements and disclosure in this respect shall be made in half-yearly trustee reports filed with SEBI.

In order to avoid mis-use of segregated portfolio, the Trustees have ensured to have a mechanism in place to negatively impact the performance incentives of Fund Managers, Chief Investment Officers (CIOs), etc. involved in the investment process of securities under

the segregated portfolio, mirroring the existing mechanism for performance incentives of the AMC, including claw back of such amount to the segregated portfolio of the scheme.

Please note that the process followed by the AMC regarding creation of segregated portfolios shall be in accordance with the provisions laid down by SEBI from time to time.

Illustration of Segregated Portfolio

Portfolio Date : 30-April-19 Downgrade Event Date : 30-April-19

Downgrade Security : 8.00% A Ltd from A- to C

Valuation Marked Down; 50% Portfolio on the date of credit event

Security	Rating	Type of Securit y	Qty	Price per Unit (INR)	Market Value (INR lakhs)
8.00% A Ltd*	CRISIL A-	NCD	25,000	49.552	12.38
7.80% B Ltd	CRISIL AAA	NCD	25,000	101.02 1	25.25
7.65% C Ltd	CRISIL AAA	NCD	21,000	100.02 2	21.00
8.10% D Ltd	CRISIL A-	NCD	30,000	99.548	29.86
Cash & Cash Equivalent					11.50
Net Assets (in lakhs)					100.01
Unit Capital (no. of units)			_		10,000
NAV per unit (INR)			·		1000.1

Main Portfolio as on 30th April 2019

Security	Rating	Type of	Qty	Price	Market
		Securit		per	Value
		у		Unit	(INR
				(INR)	lakhs)
7.80% B Ltd	CRISIL	NCD	25,000	101.02	25.25
	Α			1	
7.65% C Ltd	CRISIL	NCD	21,000	100.02	21.00
	AAA			2	
8.10% D Ltd	CRISIL	NCD	30,000	99.548	29.86
	A-				
Cash & Cash					11.50
Equivalent					

Net Assets (in lakhs)			87.62
Unit Capital (no. of units)			10,000
NAV per unit (INR)			876.24

Segregated Portfolio as on 30th April 2019

Security	Rating	Type of	Qty	Price	Market
		Securit		per	Value
		у		Unit	(INR
				(INR)	lakhs)
8.00% A Ltd*	CRISIL	NCD	25,000	49.552	12.38
	С				
Net Assets (in lakhs)					12.38
Unit Capital (no. of					10,000
units)					
NAV per unit (INR)					123.88

^{*} Marked down by 50% on the date of credit event. Before marked down the security was valued at INR.99.105 per unit on the date of credit event i.e on 30th April 2019, NCD of 8.00% A Ltd will be moved to a segregated portfolio.

Total Portfolio value after creation of segregated portfolio

Particulars	Main Portfolio	Segregated Portfolio	Total Value (INR lakhs)
Number of Units	10,000	10,000	-
NAV per unit	876.24	123.88	1000.12
Total Value (in INR lakhs)	87.63	12.38	100.01

Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

This facility enables investors to save and invest periodically over a longer period of time. It is a convenient way to "invest as you earn" and offers the investor an opportunity to enter the market

regularly, thus averaging the acquisition cost of Units. SIP allows investors to invest a fixed amount of Rupees on specific dates every month or quarter by purchasing Units of the Scheme at the Purchase Price prevailing at such time. Any unit holder can avail of this facility subject to certain terms and conditions contained in the Application form. The SIP payments can be made by availing the Auto Debit Facility through ECS and Direct Debit. SIP for investments is available at weekly, fortnightly, monthly and quarterly frequencies. Following are the details of minimum amount and default dates:

Frequency	Minimum amount and	Dates	Default dates
	instalments		
Weekly*	Rs. 1000 per instalment for a	Every Tuesday	-
	minimum period of 6 weeks		
Fortnightly*	Rs. 1000 per instalment for a	2 nd & 16 th of every	-
	minimum period of 6	month	
	fortnights		
Monthly	Rs. 1000 per instalment for a	Any date: 1st to 28th	7 th of every month
	minimum period of 6		
	months		
Quarterly	Rs. 1000 per instalment for a	Any date: 1st to 28th	7 th
	minimum period of 6		
	quarters		

Note:* Weekly and Fortnightly SIP frequencies are not available on BSE STAR MF platform.

If frequency of SIP is not mentioned, the default frequency will by Monthly.

FACILITY OF NATIONAL AUTOMATED CLEARING HOUSE (NACH) PLATFORM

In addition to existing facility available for payments through Electronic Clearing Service (ECS)/Direct Debits/ Postdated cheques/Standing Instructions for investments in SIP, the unit holders can now also make payment of SIP instalments through NACH facility. NACH is a centralized system, launched by National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) with an aim to consolidate multiple Electronic Clearing Service (ECS) mandates. This facility will enable the unit holders of the Fund to make SIP investments through NACH by filling up the SIP Registration cum mandate form. A Unique number will be allotted to every mandate registered under NACH called as Unique Mandate Reference Number ("UMRN") which can be used for SIP transactions. The NACH facility shall be available subject to terms and conditions contained in the SIP registration Mandate Form and as prescribed by NPCI from time to time.

The load structure prevailing at the time of submission of the SIP application (whether fresh or extension) will apply for all the installments indicated in such application. Investors should note that an application for SIP should be submitted at any of the AMC/CAMS Investor Service Centres as listed in the application form. For applicable load on Purchases through SIP, please refer to the Section IV, Fees and Expenses, sub-section

Micro SIP

SIPs upto Rs. 50,000/- per year per investor i.e. aggregate of installments in a rolling 12 month period or in a financial year shall be referred to as 'Micro SIP'. For further details on Micro SIP, please refer to SAI and the SIP Application Form.

SIP STEP UP facility:

SIP STEP-UP Facility provides flexibility to Investors to increase the amount of the SIP instalment by a fixed amount at pre-defined intervals during the tenure of the SIP. The features and terms and conditions applicable to this Facility are as follows:

- 1. SIP STEP-UP frequency in case of investors availing Monthly SIP facility will be half yearly and yearly.
- 2. SIP STEP-UP frequency in case of investors availing Quarterly SIP facility will be yearly.
- 3. In case the SIP STEP-UP frequency is not indicated under Monthly SIP, it will be considered as yearly interval.
- 4. This facility will allow investors (including existing investors) to opt for STEP-UP in their SIP, which are routed through electronic mode only (the STEP-UP Facility is not available for SIP through post-dated cheques).
- 5. Investors/unit holders subscribing for the STEP-UP facility are required to submit the request at least 30 days prior to the SIP date. In case the request is not received at least 30 days prior to the SIP date, the STEP-UP will be applicable from the next effective SIP instalment.
- 6. The minimum STEP-UP amount is Rs. 100/- and in multiples of Rs. 100/- thereafter.
- 7. Default STEP-UP amount: If the investor does not specify the STEP-UP amount, the default amount for STEP-UP will be considered as Rs. 100/-, and the application form shall be processed accordingly.
- 8. Once enrolled in case the Investor wants to modify the STEP-UP details, the investor must cancel the existing SIP STEP-UP and enroll for a new SIP STEP-UP with the desired STEP-UP details.
- 9. SIP STEP-UP will not be allowed in case of Micro Investments.
- 10. STEP-UP Cap Amount: Investor has an option to freeze the SIP STEP-UP amount once it reaches a fixed predefined amount.
- 11. Maximum amount: It is the upper most limit per transaction set by the investor for his registered bank account to be debited through the One Time Mandate (OTM). If the maximum amount set in the OTM is less than the Cap amount, a new OTM needs to be registered with the revised maximum amount. Till the time a revised OTM with change in maximum amount is submitted, the existing maximum amount will be considered as the STEP-UP Cap amount. Along with new OTM, a revised STEP-UP form also needs to be submitted with the STEP-UP Cap amount.
- 12. In case the SIP frequency is perpetual then the investor has to mention the STEP-UP Cap amount.
- 13. This facility is not available on NSE MFSS/ BSE STAR MF and MFU platforms.
- 14. All other terms & conditions applicable for regular SIP Facility will also be applicable to STEP-UP Facility.

SIP Pause facility:

Unitholders will also have an option to temporarily pause the SIP instalments for a specific period of time. Upon expiry of the specified period, the SIP installments would re-start automatically.

The important terms and conditions of the Facility are as follows:

- 1. The facility shall be available only for SIPs registered under monthly and quarterly frequencies.
- 2. Investor / unit holders can opt for the facility only once during the tenure of the SIP.
- 3. The minimum gap between the pause request and next SIP installment date should be at least 15 calendar days.
- 4. The facility shall get activated from immediate next eligible installment from the date of receipt of SIP Pause request.
- 5. The facility can be opted for minimum 1 installment and up to a maximum of 3 installments.
- 6. The facility shall not be available for SIP registered through Mutual Fund Utility ("MFU").
- 7. The facility will be available through submission of physical form, website of 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund), BSE and NSE (NMF II & MFSS) mode.
- 8. In case of SIP Step-Up registered in a folio, if the next SIP Step-Up installment falls during the SIP Pause period, the SIP installment after the completion of Pause period will be inclusive of such SIP Step-up amount. For eg. If current installment amount is 3000, if the SIP pause period is 15.03.2023 to 15.05.2023 and the next SIP Step-Up falls on 31.03.2023 for an amount of 2000. The SIP installment after the end of Pause period i.e. on 15.06.2023 will be 5000.
- 9. SIP pause cancellation request must be submitted at least 15 days prior to the next SIP installment date.
- 10. AMC / Trustee reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions of the facility and / or withdraw the said facility.
- 11. All other terms and conditions of SIP facility will remain unchanged.

b. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)

This facility enables the unitholders to switch an amount from their existing investments in a Scheme/Option of the Fund, which is available for investment at that time at periodic intervals through a one time request. The switch can be made either daily, weekly, fortnightly or monthly. Under this facility the switch by the unit holders should be within the same account/folio number. The unitholder has to fulfill the following criteria in order to avail of the Systematic Transfer Plan —

- a) A Unit Holder has to have a minimum balance of Rs. 10,000/- in a scheme
- b) the minimum amount is Rs. 1000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.
- c) A minimum of 6 such transfers have to be submitted for the STP

The transfer will be effected by way of a switch, i.e. redemption of Units from one Scheme and investment of the proceeds thereof, in the other Scheme at the then prevailing terms of both Scheme. All transactions by way of STP shall, however, be subject to the terms (other than minimum application amount) of the target Scheme. A Unit Holder who opts for an STP has the choice of switching (i) a fixed amount or (ii) an amount equal to the periodic appreciation on his/her/its investment in the Scheme from which the transfer is sought, as detailed below:

Fixed Amount Option

Under this alternative, a Unit Holder may switch a fixed amount of at least Rs. 1,000/- per transaction and the 'STP Date' for the switch will be as under.

- a) where a daily STP is opted for, the commencement date for transfers shall be the 5th working day from the date of receipt of a valid request and thereafter, transfers shall be effected on all business days at NAV based prices, subject to applicable load;
- b) where a weekly STP is opted for, the STP Days* shall be Monday to Friday. Default day will be Tuesday;
- c) where a fortnightly STP is opted for, the STP Date* shall be the 1st, 7th, 14th or 21st, as the case may be. Default Date will be 1st and 14th;
- d) where a monthly STP is opted for, the STP Date* shall be 1st to 28th of the month. Default Date will be 7th.

^Fortnightly STP Frequency are not available on BSE STAR MF and NSE NMF II. STP feature is not available on NSE MFSS Platform.

*In case any of these days fall on a non-business day, the transaction will be effected on the next business day of the Scheme.

The Units in the Scheme/Option from which the switch – out is sought will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the Scheme/Option on the respective dates on which such switches are sought and the new Units in the Scheme/Option to which the switch – in is sought will be created at the Applicable NAV of such Scheme/Option on the respective dates. In case the day on which the transfer is sought is a non-business day for the Scheme, the same will be processed on the immediately following business day.

Appreciation Option

Under this option, the Unitholder can seek switch of an amount equal to the periodic appreciation on the investment. This facility is available only under monthly frequency. Under this option the Unit holder switches only proportionate number of Units, which when multiplied by the applicable NAV is, in amount terms equal to the appreciation in the investment over the last month.

The investor has to mention a "Start Date". The 'STP Date' available under this alternative are 1st , 7th , 14th or 21st of the month. The first switch will happen after one month from the start date. In case the investor purchases additional Units, the amount to be switched would be equal to the appreciation generated on such Units, provided the appreciation is atleast Rs. 1000/-. In the absence of any appreciation or appreciation less than Rs. 1000/- as mentioned above, the switch under this option will not be made for that month. The Units in the Scheme/ Option from which the switch – out is sought will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the Scheme/Option on the respective dates on which such switches are sought and the new Units in the Scheme/Option on the respective dates. In case

the day on which the transfer is sought is a non-business day for the Scheme, the same will be processed on the immediately following business day.

c. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)

This facility enables the Unitholders to withdraw sums from their Unit accounts in the Scheme at periodic intervals through a one-time request. The withdrawals can be made on Monthly basis on 1^{st} , 7^{th} , 14^{th} or 21^{st} of every month. This facility is available in two options to the Unitholders:

Fixed Option:

Under this option, the Unitholder can seek redemption of a fixed amount of not less than Rs. 1000/-and in multiples of Rs. 1 from his Unit account. In this option the withdrawals will commence from the Start Date (being one of the dates indicated above) mentioned by the Unitholder in the Application Form for the facility. The Units will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the respective dates on which such withdrawals are sought. In case the day on which the withdrawal is sought is a non-business day for the Scheme, the same will be processed on the immediately following business day.

Appreciation Option:

Under this option, the Unitholder can seek redemption of an amount equal to a periodic appreciation on the investment. The Unitholder redeems only such number of Units, which when multiplied by the Applicable NAV is, in amount terms equal to the appreciation in his investment over the last month provided the appreciation is atleast 1000/-. In the absence of any appreciation or appreciation less than 1000/- as mentioned above, the withdrawal under this option will not be made for that month. The investor would need to indicate in his systematic withdrawal request, the commencement / start date from which the appreciation in investment value should be computed.

The withdrawal will commence after one month from the commencement / start date mentioned by the Unitholder in the application Form and can, at the investor's discretion be on 1st, 7th, 14th or 21st of the month. The Units will be redeemed at the Applicable NAV of the respective dates on which such withdrawals are sought. In case the day on which the withdrawal is sought is a non business day for the Scheme, the same will be processed on the immediately following business day. In case the investor purchases additional Units, the withdrawal amount would include the appreciation generated on such Units as well. In the absence of any appreciation or appreciation less than Rs. 1000/-, the redemption under this option will not be made.

Note: Investors who avail of SIP, SWP or STP facility can at any time opt out of the facilities or can purchase, redeem or switch outside these facilities at their convenience.

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

Net Asset Value

This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.

360 ONE Mutual Fund shall calculate the Net Asset Value of the Scheme on every business day and shall be uploaded on AMFI's website (www.amfiindia.com) by 11.00 pm of the same business day. In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. The NAV of the Scheme will also be updated on our website (www.iiflmf.com).

Further the Mutual Fund / AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of the business hours on the following day due to any reasons, the Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Fund will be able to publish the NAV.

Half yearly Disclosures: Portfolio / Financial Results

the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also slated in portfolio disclosures

Half Yearly disclosure of Scheme's Portfolio:

This is list of securities where | The Mutual Fund/AMC shall disclose portfolio of the Scheme as well as the Risk-o-meters of the scheme as on the last day of half year on website of Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each halfyear respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. In case of Unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall send via e-mail the halfyearly statement of Scheme portfolio along with the Risk-o-meters of the respective schemes within 10 days from the close of each half-year. Further, the Mutual Fund/AMC shall publish an advertisement in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi every half-year, disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of the Scheme portfolio on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of Scheme portfolio. The Mutual Fund/ AMC shall provide a physical copy of the statement of Scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

Half Yearly disclosure of Un-Audited Financials:

The Mutual Fund and Asset Management Company shall within one month from the close of each half year (i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September) host a soft copy of the unaudited financial results of the Scheme on the website of the Mutual Fund. Also, an

	advertisement disclosing the hosting of the unaudited financial results of the Scheme on the website will be published, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
Monthly Portfolio Disclosure	The Mutual Fund/AMC shall disclose portfolio of the Scheme as well as the Risk-o-meters of the respective schemes as on the last day of the month on website of Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. In case of Unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall send via e-mail the monthly statement of Scheme portfolio along with the Risk-o-meters of the respective schemes within 10 days from the close of each month.
Risk-o-meter	The risk-o-meter of the Scheme shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and shall be disclosed along with portfolio disclosure the AMC website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.
	The risk level of Scheme as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, shall be disclosed on the AMC website and AMFI website.
	The scheme wise changes in Risk-o-meter shall be disclosed in scheme wise Annual Reports and Abridged summary.
Scheme Summary Document (SSD)	In accordance with SEBI letter dated December 28, 2021 and AMFI emails dated March 16, 2022 and March 25, 2022, Scheme summary document for all schemes of 360 ONE Mutual Fund in the requisite format (pdf, spreadsheet and machine readable format) shall be uploaded on a monthly basis i.e. 15th of every month or within 5 working days from the date of any change or modification in the scheme information on the website of 360 ONE Mutual Fund i.e. www.iiflmf.com , AMFI i.e. www.amfiindia.com and Registered Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited.
Annual Report	The scheme wise annual report and abridged summary thereof shall be hosted on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.iiflmf.com) and AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year) and link for the same will be displayed prominently on the website of the Mutual Fund (www. iiflmf.com).
	The AMC shall email the annual report or an abridged summary thereof to the unitholders whose email addresses are registered with the Fund. However, in case the unitholders whose e-mail

addresses are not registered with the Fund, are requested to update / provide their email address to the Fund for updating the database. Physical copy of scheme wise annual report or abridged summary shall be provided to investors who have opted to receive the same.

AMC shall provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the annual report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

As per regulation 56(3A) of the Regulations, copy of scheme wise Annual Report shall be also made available to unitholder on payment of nominal fees

Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the website of the Mutual Fund (www. iiflmf.com).

Physical copies of Full annual report / abridged summary thereof shall also be available for inspection at all times at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund.

Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Taxation

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her | Scheme Additional Information (SAI). own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the

Investor Services

Mr. Sushil Sharma

360 ONE Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Ltd.)

360 ONE Centre, 6th floor, Kamala City, S.B. Marg,

Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013

Tel (91 22) 4876 5158 Fax: (91 22) 4646 4706

Email: service@360.one

Investors are advised to contact any of the ISCs or the AMC by calling the toll-free no. 1800-2108-606. Investors can also visit the website at www.iiflmf.comfor complete details.

D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

NAV of units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current Assets – Current Liabilities

and Provision

(including accrued expenses)

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme/Plan on the Valuation Date

The NAV will be calculated up to four decimals. The first NAV will be calculated and announced not later than 5 workings days from the date of allotment in the NFO. Thereafter, the NAV shall be calculated for close of each working day. The computation of NAV shall be in conformity with SEBI Regulations and guidelines as prescribed from time to time. The Direct Plan under the Scheme will have separate NAV. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each option. The NAVs of the growth option and the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal will be different after the declaration of the first IDCW.

IV. FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

Expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc. All initial issue expenses pertaining to NFO will borne by the AMC.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below. Further, as per clause 10.1.12 (a) of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, all scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits.

As per AMFI letter no. 35P/ MEM-COR/ 85-a/ 2022-23 dated March 02, 2023 on B-30 Incentive Mechanism, AMC has been advised to keep the B-30 incentive structure in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 till any further guidelines regarding necessary safeguards are issued by SEBI.

As per Regulation 52 (6) (c) of SEBI Regulations, the maximum annual scheme recurring expenses including the investment management fees that can be charged to the Scheme is as follows:

Daily	on the	on the next	on the next	on the	on the next Rs.	On the next Rs.	On balance
Net	first	Rs.250	Rs. 1,250	next Rs.	5,000 crores of	40,000 crores of the	of the assets
Asset	Rs.500	crores of	crores of	3,000	the daily net	daily net assets	
s(Rs.)	crores	the daily net assets	the daily net assets	crores of the daily net assets	assets		
% per	2.25%	2.00%	1.75%	1.60%	1.50%	Total expense ratio	1.05%

annu			reduction of 0.05%	
m			for every increase of	
			Rs. 5,000 crores of	
			daily net assets or	
			part thereof	

In addition to total expense limits mentioned above, the AMC may charge the following in terms of Regulation 52(6A) of SEBI Regulations:

- a. Additional expenses not exceeding of 0.30% of daily net assets for inflows from specified cities
- b. Brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade and is included in the cost of investment, not exceeding 0.12 per cent in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent in case of derivatives transactions.
- c. Additional expenses incurred towards different heads mentioned under Regulations 52(2) and 52(4) of SEBI Regulations, not exceeding 0.05 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme.

The AMC has estimated the following annual recurring expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme. Further, any change in the expense ratio will be updated on our website and the same will be communicated to investor via SMS / e-mail 3 working days prior to the effective date of change. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website: http://www.iiflmf.com/expenses-ratio:

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets		
	Regular Plan		
Investment Management and Advisory Fees			
Trustee fee			
Audit fees			
Custodian fees			
RTA Fees			
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission			
Cost related to investor communications			
Cost of fund transfer from location to location			
Cost of providing account statements & IDCW redemption cheques & warrants			
Costs of statutory Advertisements			
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)			
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative			
market trades respectively			
Goods and Service Tax* on expenses other than investment and advisory fees			
Goods and Service Tax* on brokerage and transaction cost			
Other expenses (including listing expenses)			
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6)(c)(i) & (6) (a)	Upto 2.25%		
\$Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Up to 0.05%		
^Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Up to 0.30%		

These estimates of Investment Management Fees and Expenses have been made in good faith as per the information available to the Investment Manager and are subject to change inter-se, which may be more

or less than estimated above. Any expenditure in excess of the said prescribed limit shall be borne by the AMC.

*In addition to expenses under Regulation 52 (6) and (6A) of SEBI Regulations, AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on Investment Management and Advisory Fees, expenses other than Investment Management and Advisory Fees and brokerage and transaction cost as below:

- a. Goods and Service Tax on Investment Management and Advisory Fees:

 AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on Investment Management and Advisory Fees of the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A) of SEBI Regulations.
- b. Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than Investment Management and Advisory Fees:

 AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than Investment Management and Advisory
 Fees of the Scheme, if any within the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation under 52(6) and (6A)
 of SEBI Regulations.
- c. Goods and Service Tax on brokerage and transaction cost: The Goods and Service Tax on brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade, will be within the limit of prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI Regulations.
 - ^ Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 % of daily net assets, if the new inflows from retail investors from such cities as specified by the SEBI, from time to time are at least:
 - 30 per cent of the gross new inflows into the scheme, or;
 - 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher;

Provided that if inflows from such cities are less than the higher of the above, such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis. Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment. Inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/-per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor."

\$ In terms of clause 10.1.7 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, in case exit load is not levied / not applicable, the AMC shall not charge the said additional expenses.

"Direct plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission etc. and no commission shall be paid from such plan."

ILLUSTRATION OF IMPACT OF EXPENSE RATIO ON SCHEME'S RETURN:

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year	10,000	10,000
Returns before Expenses	1,500	1,500
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses	150	150

Distribution Expenses	50	-
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year	1,300	1350

The purpose of the above illustration is to explain the impact of expense ratio of the scheme. Above calculation are bases on assumed NAV and Expenses. The actual NAV, expenses and return on your investment may be more or less.

C. LOAD STRUCTURE & TRANSACTION CHARGE

a) Load Structure

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC <u>www.iiflmf.com</u> or may call at toll free no. 1800-2108-606 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % of NAV)	
Entry	Nil	
Exit	For redemption/switched-out of units before 365 days from the date of allotment - 1% of the applicable NAV	
	For redemption/switched-out of units on or after 365 days from the date of allotment – NIL	

The entire exit load (net of Goods and Service Tax) received shall be credit back to the Scheme.

For inter scheme switches, the switch-out will also attract an Exit Load like any Redemption. Switch between Regular Plan and Direct Plan shall be subject to applicable exit load. However, switch-out of investments made as Direct Investments (i.e. investments not through any AMFI registered Distributor) from Regular Plan to Direct Plan of the respective Scheme, will not be subject to exit load. However, for such switch(es), the ageing for applicable exit load will be calculated from the date of original investment. Units issued on reinvestment of IDCWs shall not be subject to Load.

b. Transaction charge:

In terms of clause 10.5 of SEBI Master circular dated May 19, 2023, as amended from time to time, in case of purchases/subscriptions/new inflows only (lump sum and SIP), of Rs.10,000/ — and above per subscription; transaction charge shall be levied and be paid to the distributors/ brokers (who have opted to receive transaction charges based on 'type of the Product') in respect of applications routed through them, subject to the following:

- For Existing / New investors: Rs.100 / Rs.150 as applicable per subscription of Rs.10,000/ and above;
- Transaction charge for SIP shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIP amounts to Rs.10,000/ and above. In such cases the transaction charge would be recovered in maximum 3/4 successful installments.
- There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below Rs.10,000/-.
- There shall be no transaction charges on direct investments.
- There shall be no transaction charges in case of Switch, DTP, STP, SWP.

The Transaction Charge as mentioned above shall be deducted by AMC from the subscription amount of the unit holder and paid to the distributor. The balance amount shall be invested in the Scheme.

The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the AMFI registered distributor directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the distributor.

Calculation of transaction charge and balance subscription amount in case of subscription routed through distributor is explained as follows:

(In INR)

Subscription Amount (A)	For existing investors in a Mutual Fund		For first time	investor in Mutual
			Funds	
	Transaction charge	Balance	Transaction	Balance
	(B)	Subscription	charge (C)	Subscription
		Amount (A-B)		Amount (A-C)
10,000	100	9900	150	9850
9,999	NIL	9999	NIL	9999
10,00,000	100	999900	150	999850

Note: Balance subscription amount will be invested and Units will be allotted at applicable NAV per unit for the balance subscription amount on an on-going basis.

Under the Scheme, the AMC reserves the right to change/modify/alter the load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

Any imposition or enhancement in the load structure shall apply on a prospective basis and in no case the same would affect the existing investors adversely. Units issued on reinvestment of IDCWs shall not be subject to load.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For any change in load structure, AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres.

At the time of change in load structure in future, the AMC will take following steps:

- The addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to SID and Key Information Memorandum (KIM). The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SID and KIM already in stock.
- Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all investor service centres and distributors/brokers offices.
- The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- The Fund shall display the addendum on its website (www.iiflmf.com)
 The Redemption Price however, will not be lower than 95% of the NAV.

N c	o clause 10.4 of SEBI Mas	9, 2023 no entry load will be with effect from August 01,

V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

- 1. All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed. Not Applicable
- 2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed

Sr.	Particulars	Subject Matter/Allegations Orders/Findings
No.		
1	SEBI issued an adjudication Show Case Notice (SCN) dated April 16, 2021 under Rule 4 (1) of the SEBI (Procedure for Holding Inquiry and imposing penalties by Adjudicating Officer) Rules, 1995 in the matter of Alkem Laboratories Ltd. SEBI conducted an examination of block deals to check any manipulation of reference price considered for execution of block deal trades in the scrip of Alkem Laboratories Ltd during the period April 01, 2019 to September 30, 2019 to examine the violation of SEBI Act, 1992, Rules and Regulations, if any.	the Company has knowingly manipulated the reference price of Alkem for block deal during the afternoon window i.e. VWAP price for the period 13:45 to 14:00 hrs on August 22, 2019 and thereby violating provision of SEBI Act, 1992 and regulations of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market Regulations), 2003 and provisions of code of conduct prescribed under Schedule II read with Regulation 9(f) of

(Formerly known as IIFL SEBI (Stock Broker) Regulations, 1992. Wealth Management Limited). On May 10, 2022, The Panel of Whole Time Members of SEBI approved the said recommendation of the HPAC. Pursuant to this the company paid the amount and adjudication proceedings initiated by SEBI were disposed off in terms of Section 15JB of the SEBI Act read with regulation 23(1) of the Settlement Regulations on the basis of the settlement terms.

- 3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed. None
- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately. None
- 5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed. None
- 6. The Trustees have approved this Scheme Information Document on December 13, 2022 and have ensured that the Scheme is a new product offered by 360 ONE Mutual Fund (Formerly known as IIFL Mutual Fund) and is not a minor modification of the existing Schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and behalf of 360 ONE Asset Management Limited	
(Formerly known as IIFL Asset Management Limited	
Sd/-	
	Place: Mumbai
Whole Time Director	Date: October 30, 2023

LIST OF DESIGNATED COLLECTION CENTRES

AMC OFFICES

Mumbai: 360 ONE Asset Management Ltd (Formerly IIFL Asset Management Company Ltd.), 360 ONE Centre, 6th Floor, Kamala City, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013

CAMS COLLECTION CENTERS

Ahmedabad: 111- 113, 1 st Floor- Devpath Building Off C G Road Behind Lal Bungalow, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Gujarat 380006 Bangalore: Trade Centre, 1st Floor45, Dikensen Road (Next to Manipal Centre), Bangalore, Karnataka, 560042 Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Kharvel Nagar, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Warnest Floor, Station Square, Warnest Floor, Station Square, Unit 3-Bhubaneswar; Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station Square, Warnest Floor, Floor, Station Square, Warnest Floor, Warnest Floor, Warnest Floor, Warnest Floor, Warnest Floor, Floor, Warnest Fl Deepak TowerSCO 154-155, 1st Floor-Sector 17-Chandigarh-Punjab-160017 Chennai: Ground Floor No.178/10, Kodambakkam High Road, Opp. Hotel Palmgrove, Nungambakkam-Chennai-Tamilnadu-600034 Cochin: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Building Name Modayil, Door No. 39/2638 DJ, 2nd Floor 2A M.G. Road, Cochin - 682 016 Coimbatore: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No.1334, Thadagam Road, Thirumurthy Layout, R.S.Puram, Behind Venketeswara Bakery, Coimbatore-641002 Durgapur: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Plot No.3601, Nazrul Sarani, City Centre, Durgapur-713216 Goa: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Office No.103, 1st Floor, Unitech City Centre, M.G.Road, Panaji Goa, Goa-403001 Secunderabad (Hyderabad): 208, II Floor ade ArcadeParadise Circle, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500003 Indore: 101, Shalimar Corporate Centre, 8-B, South Tukogunj, Opp.Greenpark, Indore, MadhyaPradesh, 452001 Jaipur: R-7, Yudhisthir Marg C-SchemeBehind Ashok Nagar Police Station, Jaipur, Rajasthan, 302001 Kanpur: I Floor 106 to 108City Centre Phase II, 63/2, The Mall Kanpur Uttarpradesh-208001 Kolkata: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 2/1, Russell Street, 2nd Floor, Kankaria Centre, Kolkata-700071 Lucknow: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Office No.107, 1St Floor, Vaisali Arcade Building, Plot No 11, 6 Park Road, Lucknow-226001 Ludhiana: U/GF, Prince Market, Green Field, Near Traffic Lights, Sarabha Nagar Pulli, Pakhowal Road, Ludhiana, Punjab, 141002 Madurai: Shop No 3 2nd Floor Surya Towers, No 272/273 Goodshed Street, Madurai 625001 Mangalore: 14-6-674/15(1), SHOP NO -UG11-2 Maximus Complex, Light House Hill Road Mangalore- 575 001 Mumbai: Rajabahdur Compound, Ground FloorOpp Allahabad Bank, Behind ICICI Bank30, Mumbai Samachar Marg, FortMumbai, Maharashtra, 400023 Nagpur: 145 , Lendra, New Ramdaspeth, Nagpur, Maharashtra, 440010 New Delhi: 7-E, 4th FloorDeen Dayaal Research Institute Building Swami Ram Tirath Nagar, Near Videocon Tower Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi, NewDelhi, 110055 Patna: G-3, Ground Floor, OM ComplexNear Saket Tower, SP Verma Road, Patna, Bihar, 800001 Pune: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Vartak Pride, 1st Floor, Survey No.46, City Survey No.1477, Hingne budruk, D.P.Road, Behind Dinanath mangeshkar Hospital, Karvenagar, Pune-411052 Surat: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Shop No.G-5, International Commerce Center, Nr. Kadiwala School, Majura Gate, Ring Road, Surat-395002 Vadodara: 103 Aries Complex, Bpc Road, Off R.C.Dutt Road, Alkapuri, Vadodara, Gujarat, 390007 Vijayawada: 40-1-68, Rao & Ratnam Complex, Near Chennupati Petrol Pump, M.G. Road, Labbipet, Vijayawada, AndhraPradesh, 520010 Visakhapatnam (Vizag): CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Door No 48-3-2, Flat No 2, 1st Floor, Sidhi Plaza, Near Visakha Library, Srinagar, Visakhapatnam- 530 016 Agra: No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place , Agra , Uttarpradesh-282002 Ajmer: AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital, Jaipur Road, Ajmer, Rajasthan, 305001 Allahabad: 30/2, A&B, Civil Lines Station Besides , Vishal Mega Mart Strachey Road, Allahabad, Uttarpradesh-211001 Alwar: 256A, Scheme No:1, Arya Nagar, Alwar, Rajasthan, 301001 Amaravati: 81, Gulsham Tower, 2nd Floor, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Amaravati, Maharashtra, 444601 Amritsar: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001 Anand: 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, AnandGujarat388001 Asansol: Block - G 1st Floor, P C Chatterjee Market Complex Rambandhu Talab PO, Ushagram Asansol Westbengal Pin No 713303 Aurangabad: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, 2nd Floor, Block No.D-21-D-22, Motiwala Trade Centre, Nirala Bazar, New Samarth Nagar, Opp.HDFC Bank, Aurangabad-431001 Belgaum: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Classic Complex, Block No.104, 1st Floor, Saraf Colony, Khanapur Road, Tilakwadi, Belgaum-590006 Berhampur: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Kalika temple Street, Ground Floor, Beside SBI BAZAR Branch, Berhampur-760002 Bhavnagar:501 - 503 , Bhayani Skyline, Behind Joggers Park, Atabhai Road,, BhavnagarGujarat364001 Bhilai: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, 1st Floor, Plot No.3, Block No.1, Priyadarshini Pariswar west, Behind IDBI Bank, Nehru Nagar, Bhilai-490020 Bhilwara: C/o Kodwani Associtates Shope No 211-213 2nd floor Indra Prasth Tower syam Ki Sabji Mandi Near Mukerjee Garden Bhilwara-311001 (Rajasthan) Bhopal: Plot no 10, 2nd Floor, Alankar Complex, Near ICICI Bank, MP Nagar, Zone II, Bhopal, MadhyaPradesh462011 Bokaro: Mazzanine FloorF-4, City Centre, Sector 4, Bokaro Steel City, Bokaro, Jharkhand, 827004 Burdwan: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, No.399, G T Road, Basement, Talk of the town, , BurdwanWestbangal713101 Calicut: 29/97G 2nd Floor, S A Arcade, Mavoor Road, Arayidathupalam, CalicutKerala-673016 Cuttack: Near Indian Overseas BankCantonment Road, Mata Math, Cuttack, Orissa, 753001 Davangere: 13, 1st Floor, Akkamahadevi Samaj ComplexChurch Road, P.J.Extension, Davangere, Karnataka, 577002 Dehradun: 204/121 Nari Shilp Mandir Marg(Ist Floor) Old Connaught Place, Chakrata Road, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, 248001 Dhanbad: Urmila Towers, Room No: 111(1st Floor) Bank More, Dhanbad, Jharkhand, 826001 Erode: 197, Seshaiyer Complex, Agraharam Street, Erode, Tamilnadu, 638001 Faridabad: LG3, SCO 12 Sector 16, Behind Canara Bank, Faridabad - 121002 Ghaziabad: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 1st Floor, C-10 RDC Rajnagar, Opp Kacheri Gate No.2, Ghaziabad-201002 Gorakhpur: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Shop No.5 & 6, 3Rd Floor, Cross Road The mall, A D Tiraha, bank Road, Gorakhpur-273001 Guntur: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Door No.31-13-1158, 1st floor, 13/1, Arundelpet, Ward No.6, Guntur-522002 Gurgaon: SCO - 16, Sector - 14, First floor, Gurgaon, Haryana, 122001 Guwahati: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Piyali Phukan Road, K.C.Path, House No.1, Rehabari, Guwahati-781008 "Gwalior: G-6 Global Apartment, Kailash Vihar Colony, Opp. Income Tax Office, City Centre Gwalior Madhya Pradesh-474002" Hubli: No.204 - 205, 1st Floor' B' Block, Kundagol ComplexOpp. Court, Club Road, Hubli, Karnataka, 580029 Jabalpur: 8, Ground Floor, Datt Towers, Behind Commercial Automobiles, Napier Town, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, 482001 Jalandhar: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 144, Vijay Nagar, Near Capital Small Finance Bank, Football Chowk, Jalandar City-144001 Jalgaon: Rustomji Infotech Services70, NavipethOpp. Old Bus StandJalgaon, Maharashtra, 425001 Jamnagar: 207, Manek Centre, P N Marg, Jamnagar, Gujarat, 361001 Jamshedpur: Millennium Tower, "R" Road, Room No:15 First Floor, Bistupur, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand, 831001 Jodhpur: 1/5, Nirmal Tower, 1st Chopasani Road, Jodhpur, Rajasthan, 342003 Kolhapur: 2 B, 3rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers, Station Road, Kolhapur, Maharashtra, 416001 Kota: B-33 'Kalyan Bhawan, Triangle Part, Vallabh Nagar, Kota, Rajasthan, 324007 Kottayam: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 1307 B, Puthenparambil Building, KSACS Road, Opp.ESIC Office, Behind Malayala Manorama Muttambalam P O, Kottayam-686501 Meerut: 108 Ist Floor Shivam Plaza, Opp: Eves Cinema, Hapur Road, Meerut, Uttarpradesh, 250002 Moradabad: H 21-22, Ist Floor, Ram Ganga Vihar Shopping Complex, Opposite Sale Tax Office, Moradabad-244001 Muzaffarpur: Brahman Toli, DurgasthanGola Road, Muzaffarpur, Bihar, 842001 Mysore: No.1, 1st Floor, CH.26 7th Main, 5th Cross (Above Trishakthi Medicals), Saraswati Puram, Mysore, Karnataka, 570009 Nasik: CASM SERVICE CENTRE, 1st Floor, "Shraddha Niketan", Tilak Wadi, Opp Hotel City Pride, Sharanpur Road, Nasik-422002 Nellore: Shop No. 2, 1st Floor, NSR Complex, James Garden, Near Flower Market, Nellore – 524001 Panipat: SCO 83-84, First Floor, Devi Lal Shopping Complex, Opp RBL Bank, G.T.Road, Panipat, Haryana, 132103 Patiala: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No.35 New Lal Bagh, Opp.Polo Ground, Patiala-147001 Pondicherry; S-8, 100, Jawaharlal Nehru Street(New Complex, Opp. Indian Coffee House), Pondicherry, Pondicherry, 605001 Raipur: HIG, C-23 Sector - 1Devendra Nagar, Raipur, Chattisgarh, 492004 Rajahmundry: Door No: 6-2-12, 1st Floor, Rajeswari Nilayam, Near Vamsikrishna Hospital, Nyapathi Vari Street, T Nagar, Rajahmundry, AndhraPradesh, 533101 Rajkot: Office 207 - 210, Everest BuildingHarihar ChowkOpp Shastri Maidan, Limda Chowk, Rajkot, Gujarat, 360001 Ranchi: 4, HB RoadNo: 206, 2nd Floor Shri Lok ComplexH B Road Near Firayalal, Ranchi, Jharkhand, 834001 Rourkela: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, 2nd Floor, J B S Market Complex, Udit Nagar, Rourkela-769012 Salem: No.2, I Floor Vivekananda Street, New Fairlands, Salem, Tamilnadu, 636016 Sambalpur: C/o Raj Tibrewal & Associates, Opp.Town High School, Sansarak Sambalpur, Orissa, 768001 Siliguri: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, No.78, Haren Mukherjee Road, 1st Floor, Beside SBI Hakimpara, Siliguri-734001 Tirupur: 1(1), Binny Compound, II Street, Kumaran Road, Tirupur, Tamilnadu, 641601 Tirunelveli: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No.F4, Magnam Suraksaa Apatments, Tiruvananthapuram Road, Tirunelveli-627002 Trichur: Room No. 26 & 27Dee Pee Plaza, Kokkalai, Trichur, Kerala, 680001 Trichy: No 8, I Floor, 8th Cross West Extn, Thillainagar, Trichy, Tamilnadu, 620018 Trivandrum: NO: 22/902, 1st - Floor "BLOSSOM" Bldg, Opp. NSS Karayogam, Sasthamangalam Village P.O, Thiruvananthapuram Trivandrum - 695010 Udaipur: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No.32, Ahinsapuri, Fatehpura Circle, Udaipur-313001 Valsad: 3rd floor, Gita Nivas, opp Head Post Office, Halar Cross LaneValsad, Gujarat, 396001 Varanasi: Office no 1, Second floor, Bhawani Market, Building No. D-58/2-A1, Rathyatra Beside Kuber Complex, Varanasi, Uttarpradesh-221010 Vellore: CAMS Service Center DOOR NO 86 BA Complex 1st Floor Shop No 3 Anna Salai (Officer Line) Tollgate, Vellore - 632001. Warangal: Hno. 2-4-641, F-7, 1st Floor, A.B.K Mall, Old Bus Depot Road, Ramnagar, Hanamkonda, Warangal.Telangana- 506001 Balasore: B C Sen Road, Balasore, Orissa, 756001 Jammu: JRDS Heights, Lane Opp. S&S Computers Near RBI Building, Sector 14, Nanak Nagar Jammu, Jammu &Kashmir, 180004 Ballari: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, No.18/47/A, Govind Nilaya, Ward No.20, Sangankal Moka Road, Gandhinagar, Ballari-583102 "Navsari: CAMS Service Centre, 214-215, 2nd floor, Shivani Park, Opp.Shankheswar Complex, Kaliawadi, Navsari -396445, Gujarat" Rohtak: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, SCO 06, Ground Floor, MR Complex, Near Sonipat Stand Delhi Road, Rohtak-124001 Tirupati: Shop No : 6, Door No: 19-10-8, (Opp to Passport Office), AIR Bypass Road, Tirupati-517501, AndhraPradesh "Kalyani: A - 1/50, Block A Kalyani: Nadia Dt, PIN- 741235 " Bhuj: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Office No.4-5, First Floor, RTO Relocation Commercial Complex-B, Opp.Fire Station, Near RTO Circle, Bhuj-Kutch-370001 Solapur: Flat No 109, 1st Floor A Wing, Kalyani Tower 126 Siddheshwar Peth, Near Pangal High School Solapur, Maharashtra, 413001 Junagadh: "Aastha Plus", 202-A, 2nd Floor Sardarbag Road, Nr. Alkapuri Opp. Zansi Rani Statue, Junagadh Gujarat-362001 Ankleshwar: Shop No - F -56First Floor, Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002 Kollam: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Uthram Chanmbers(Ground Floor), Thamarakulam, Kollam-691006 Jhansi: No.372/18D, 1st Floor Above IDBI Bank, Beside V-Mart, Near RAKSHAN, Gwalior Road, Jhansi-284001 Aligarh: City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road Aligarh Uttarpradesh-202001 Satara: 117 / A / 3 / 22, Shukrawar Peth, Sargam Apartment, Satara, Maharashtra, 415002 Kumbakonam: Jailani Complex47, Mutt Street, Kumbakonam, Tamilnadu, 612001 Bhagalpur; CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Ground Floor, Gurudwara Road, Near Old Viiava Bank, Bhagalpur - 812001 Bareilly; CAMS SERVICE CENTER, F-62-63, 2nd Floor, Butler Plaza Commercial Complex Civil Lines Bareilly Uttarpradesh-243001 Akola: Opp. RLT Science CollegeCivil Lines, Akola, Maharashtra, 444001 Yamuna Nagar: 124-B/R, Model TownYamunanagar, Yamuna Nagar, Haryana, 135001 Deoghar: S S M Jalan RoadGround floorOpp. Hotel Ashoke, Caster Town, Deoghar, Jharkhand, 814112 Karimnagar: HNo.7-1-257, Upstairs S B H mangammathota, Karimnagar, Telangana, 505001 Kadapa: Bandi Subbaramaiah Complex, D.No:3/1718, Shop No: 8, Raja Reddy Street, Kadapa, AndhraPradesh, 516001 Shimla: I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gateBus stand, Shimla, HimachalPradesh, 171001 Kannur: Room No.PP.14/435Casa Marina Shopping CentreTalap, Kannur, Kerala, 670004 Mehsana: 1st Floor, Subhadra ComplexUrban Bank RoadMehsana, Gujarat, 384002 Hazaribag: Municipal MarketAnnanda Chowk, Hazaribag, Jharkhand, 825301 Anantapur: 15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers, Subash RoadOpp:Canara Bank, Anantapur, AndhraPradesh, 515001 Kurnool: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Shop No.26 and 27, Door No.39/265A and 39/265B, Second Floor, Skanda Shopping Mall, Old Chad Talkies, Vaddageri, 39th Ward, Kurnool-518001 Hisar: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No-12, Opp. HDFC Bank, Red Square Market, Hisar, Haryana, 125001 Sri Ganganagar: 18 L BlockSri Ganganagar, Rajasthan, 335001 Bhatinda: 2907 GH, GT Road, Near Zila Parishad, Bhatinda, Punjab, 151001 Shimoga: No.65 1st FloorKishnappa Compound1st Cross, Hosmane Extn, Shimoga, Karnataka, 577201 Palakkad: 10 / 688, Sreedevi Residency, Mettupalayam Street, Palakkad, Kerala, 678001 Margao: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, F4-Classic Heritage, Near Axis Bank, Opp.BPS Club, Pajifond, Margao, Goa-403601 Karur: 126 G, V.P.Towers, Kovai Road, Basement of Axis BankKarur, Tamilnadu, 639002 Bikaner: Behind rajasthan patrika In front of vijaya bank 1404, amar singh pura Bikaner.334001 Kakinada: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, D No.25-4-29, 1St floor, Kommireddy vari street, Beside Warf Road, Opp swathi medicals, Kakinada-533001 Bilaspur: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Shop No.B-104, First Floor, Narayan Plaza, Link Road, Bilaspur(C.G)-495001 Vapi: 208, 2nd Floor HEENA ARCADE, Opp. Tirupati TowerNear G.I.D.C. Char Rasta, Vapi, Gujarat, 396195 Ambala: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, SCO 48-49, Ground Floor, opp peer, Bal Bhawan Road, Near HDFC Bank, Ambala City, Haryana - 134 003 Agartala: Advisor Chowmuhani (Ground Floor), Krishnanagar Agartala, Tripura, 799001 Saharanpur: I Floor, Krishna ComplexOpp. Hathi GateCourt Road, Saharanpur, Uttarpradesh, 247001 Kharagpur: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, "Silver Palace" OT Road, Inda-Kharagpur, G-P-Barakola, P.S.Kharagpur Local, Dist West Midnapore-721305 Tiruvalla: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 1st Floor, Room No-61(63), International shopping Mall, Opp.ST Thomas Evangelical Church, Above Thomsan Bakery, Manjady, Thiruvalla-689105 "Alleppey: Doctor's Tower Building, Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor, North of Iorn Bridge, Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, AlleppeyKerala, 688001" Noida: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Commercial Shop No.GF 10 & GF 38, Ground Floor, Ansal Fortune Arcade, Plot No. K-82, Sector -18,, Noida-201301 Thane: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Dev Corpora, 1st Floor, Office No.102, Cadbury Junction, Eastern Express Way, Thane-400601 Andheri: CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Sangli: Jiveshwar Krupa BldgShop. NO.2, Ground Floor, Tilak ChowkHarbhat Road, Sangli, Maharashtra-416416 Jalna: Shop No 6, Ground Floor, Anand Plaza Complex, Bharat Nagar, Shivaji Putla Road, Jalna, Maharashtra, 431203 Ghatkopar: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Platinum Mall, Office No.307, 3rd Floor, Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar East, Mumbai-400077 Borivali: CAMS PVT LTD, Hirji Heritage, 4th Floor, Office No.402, L.T.Road, Borivali, Mumbai-400092 Vashi: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, BSEL Tech Park, B-505, Plot No.39/5 & 39/5A, Sector 30A,

Opp.Vashi Railway StationmVashi, Navi Mumbai-400705 Pitampura: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Number G-8, Ground Floor, Plot No C-9, Pearls Best Height - II, Netaji Subhash Place, , Pitampura-110034 Tambaram: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 3rd Floor, B R Complex, No.66, Door No.11A, Ramakrishna Iyer Street, Opp.National Cinema Theatre, West Tambaram, Chennai-600045 Janakpuri: CAMS Service CentreOffice Number 112, 1st FloorMahatta Tower, B Block Community Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi -110058Bangalore(Wilson Garden): CAMS SERVICE CENTER, First Floor, No.17/1, -(272) 12Th Cross Road, Wilson Garden, Bangalore-560027 Bharuch; CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, A-111, First Floor, R. K. Casta, Behind Patel Super Market, Station Road, Bharuch-392001 Karnal: No.29, Avtar Colony, Behind vishal mega mart, Karnal-132001 Mapusa (Parent ISC: Goa): CAMS COLLECTION CENTRE, Office No.503, Buildmore Business Park, New Canca By pass Road, Ximer, Mapusa Goa-403507 Nadiad: F 134, First Floor, Ghantakarna Complex Gunj Bazar, Nadiad, Gujarat, 387001 Bhusawal (Parent: Jalgaon TP): 3, Adelade Apartment, Christain Mohala, Behind Gulshan-E-Iran Hotel, Amardeep Talkies Road, Bhusawal, Maharashtra, 425201 Gondal (Parent Rajkot): A/177, Kailash Complex Opp. Khedut Decor Gondal, Gujarat, 360311 Vasco(Parent Goa): No DU 8, Upper Ground Floor, Behind Techoclean Clinic, Suvidha Complex Near ICICI Bank, Vasco, Goa, 403802 New Delhi-CC: Flat no.512, Narian Manzil, 23 Barakhamba Road Connaught Place. NewDelhi, 110001 Kolkata-CC (Kolkata Central): 2A, Ganesh Chandra AvenueRoom , No.3A, Commerce House" (4th Floor), Kolkata, Westbangal 700013 Chennai-Satelite ISC: No.158, Rayala Tower-1, Anna salai, Chennai-600002 Ahmednagar: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Office No.3.1st Floor, Shree Parvati, Plot No.1/175, Opp. Mauli Sabhagruh, Zopadi Canteen, Savedi, Ahmednagar-414003 "Basti: CAMS C/O RAJESH MAHADEV & CO SHOP NO 3, 1st Floor JAMIA COMLEX STATION ROAD BASTI PIN 272002" Chhindwara: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, 2nd Floor, Parasia Road, Near Surya Lodge, Sood Complex, Above Nagpur CT Scan, Chhindwara, MadhyaPradesh 480001 Chittorgarh: 3, Ashok Nagar, Near Heera Vatika, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan 312001 Darbhanga: Ground Floor, Belbhadrapur, Near Sahara Office, Laheriasarai Tower Chowk, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga-846001 Dharmapuri: 16A/63A, Pidamaneri Road, Near Indoor Stadium, Dharmapuri, Tamilnadu 636701 Dhule: House No 3140, Opp Liberty Furniture, Jamnalal Bajaj Road, Near Tower Garden, Dhule, Maharashtra 424001 Faizabad: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, 1/13/196, A, Civil Lines, Behind Tripati Hotel, Faizabad, Uttarpradesh-224001 Gandhidham: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Shyam Sadan, First Floor, Plot No.120, Sector 1/A, Gandhidham-370201 Gulbarga: Pal Complex, Ist Floor, Opp. City Bus Stop, SuperMarket, Gulbarga, Karnataka 585101 Haldia: MOUZA-BASUDEVPUR, J.L. NO. 126, Haldia Municipality, Ward No 10, Durgachak, Haldia - 721602 Haldwani: Durga City Centre, Nainital Road, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139 Himmatnagar: D-78, First Floor, New Durga Bazar, Near Railway Crossing, Himmatnagar, Gujarat 383001 Hoshiarpur: Near Archies Gallery, Shimla Pahari Chowk, Hoshiarpur, Punjab 146001 Hosur: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Survey No.25/204, Attibele Road, HCF Post, Mathigiri, Above Time Kids School, Oppsite To Kuttys Frozen Foods, Hosur-635110 Jaunpur: 248, Fort Road Near Amber Hotel, Jaunpur Uttarpradesh-222001 Katni: 1st Floor, Gurunanak dharmakanta, Jabalpur Road, Bargawan, Katni, MadhyaPradesh 483501 Khammam: Shop No: 11 - 2 -31/3, 1st floor, Philips Complex, Balajinagar, Wyra Road, Near Baburao Petrol Bunk, Khammam, Telangana 507001 Malda: Daxhinapan Abasan, Opp Lane of Hotel Kalinga, SM Pally, Malda, Westbangal 732101 Manipal: CAMS SERVICE CENTER. Shop No-A2. Basement floor. Academy Tower, Opposite Corporation Bank, Manipal, Karnataka 576104 Mathura: 159/160 Vikas Bazar Mathura Uttarpradesh-281001 Moga: Street No 8-9 Center, Aarya Samaj Road. Near Ice Factory. Moga -142 001 Namakkal: 156A / 1, First Floor, Lakshmi Vilas BuildingOpp. To District Registrar Office, Trichy Road, Namakkal, Tamilnadu 637001 Palanpur: CAMS SERVICE CENTER, Gopal Trade center, Shop No.13-14, 3Rd Floor, Nr.BK Mercantile bank, Opp.Old Gunj, Palanpur-385001 Rae Bareli: 17, Anand Nagar Complex Opposite Moti Lal Nehru Stadium SAI Hostel Jail Road Rae Bareilly Uttar pradesh -229001 Rajapalayam: No 59 A/1, Railway Feeder Road(Near Railway Station)RajapalayamTamilnadu626117 Ratlam: Dafria & Co, No.18, Ram Bagh, Near Scholar's School, Ratlam, MadhyaPradesh 457001 Ratnagiri: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, Orchid Tower, Gr Floor, Gala No.06, S.V.No.301/Paiki 1/2, Nachane Municiple Aat, Arogya Mandir, Nachane Link Road, At, Post, Tal.Ratnagiri Dist.Ratnagiri-415612 Roorkee: 22, Civil Lines, Ground Floor, Hotel Krish Residency, Roorkee, Uttarakhand 247667 Sagar: Opp. Somani Automobile, s Bhagwanganj Sagar, MadhyaPradesh 470002 Shahjahanpur: Bijlipura, Near Old Distt Hospital, Jail Road, Shahjahanpur Uttarpradesh-242001 Sirsa: Ground Floor of CA Deepak Gupta, , M G Complex, Bhawna marg , Beside Over Bridge, bansal Cinerma Market, Sirsa Haryana, 125055 Sitapur: Arya Nagar Near Arya Kanya School Sitapur Uttarpradesh-261001 Solan: 1st Floor, Above Sharma General Store, Near Sanki Rest house, The Mall, Solan, Himachal Pradesh 173212 Srikakulam: Door No 4—4-96, First Floor.Vijaya Ganapathi Temple Back Side, Nanubala Street , Srikakulam, AndhraPradesh 532001 Sultanpur: 967, Civil Lines Near Pant Stadium Sultanpur Uttarpradesh-228001 Surendranagar: Shop No. 12, M.D. Residency, Swastik Cross Road, Surendranagar - 363001 Tinsukia: CAMS Transaction Point, Bhowal Complex Ground Floor, Near Dena Bank, Rongagora Road PO / Dist - Tinsukia Assam PIN -786 125 Tuticorin: 4B/A16, Mangal Mall Complex, Ground Floor, Mani Nagar, TuticorinTamilnadu628003 Ujjain: 123, 1st Floor, Siddhi Vinanyaka Trade Centre, Saheed Park, UjjainMadhyaPradesh456010 Yavatmal: Pushpam, Tilakwadi, Opp. Dr. Shrotri Hospital, Yavatmal, Maharashtra 445001 Kukatpally: CAMS SERVICE CENTRE, No.15-31-2M-1/4, 1st floor, 14-A, MIG, KPHB colony, Kukatpally, Hyderabad-500072

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Asset Management Ltd.)	Registered Office:	Registered Office:
Registered Office:360 ONE Centre, 6th Floor, Kamala City,	New No. 10, Old No. 178, M.G.R. Salai, Nungambakkam,	HDFC Bank House, Senapati Bapat Marg,
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